

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL8060AC26-52D

26cm (10.4 Type) SVGA LVDS interface (1port)

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET DOD-PP-1812 (1st edition)

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.



INTRODUCTION

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The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.



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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL8060AC26-52D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

- High luminance
- High contrast
- ColorXcell technology (Color Enhancement)
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Long life LED backlight
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- Built in LED driver

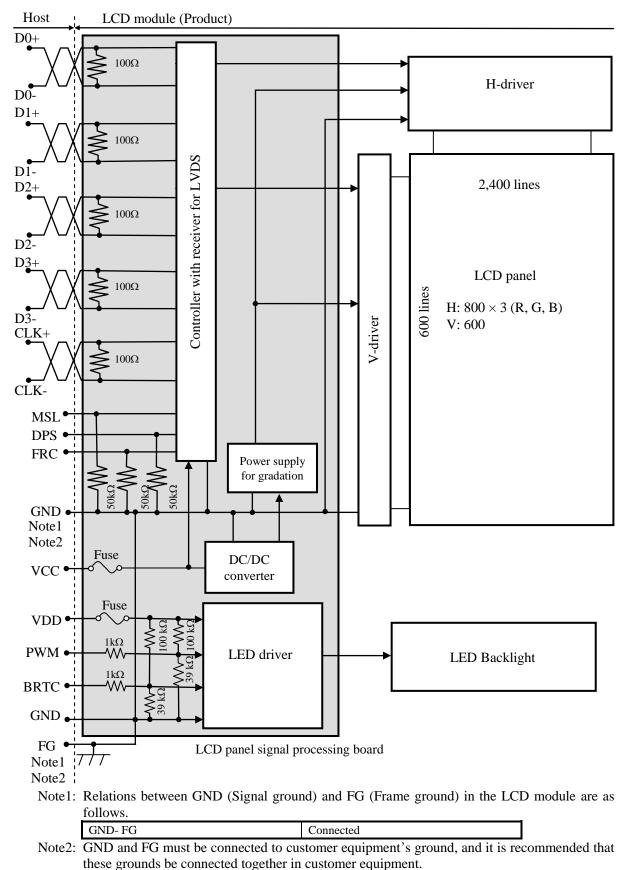


2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	211.2 (H) × 158.4 (V) mm		
Diagonal size of display	26cm (10.4 inches)		
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)		
Pixel	800 (H) \times 600 (V) pixels		
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe		
Dot pitch	$0.088 (H) \times 0.264 (V) mm$		
Pixel pitch	$0.264 (H) \times 0.264 (V) mm$		
Module size	243.0 (W) × 185.1 (H) × 10.5 (D) mm (typ.)		
Weight	TBD g (typ.)		
Contrast ratio	900:1 (typ.)		
Viewing angle	 At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 Horizontal: Right side (80)° (typ.), Left side (80)° (typ.) Vertical: Up side (80)° (typ.), Down side (80)° (typ.) 		
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒ 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular) 		
Polarizer surface	Antiglare		
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]		
Color gamut	At, LCD panel center 40 % (typ.) [against NTSC color space]		
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \leftrightarrow 90\%)$ (18) ms (typ.)		
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control 400 cd/m ² (typ.)		
Signal system	LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]		
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V LED driver: 12V		
Backlight	LED backlight built in LED driver (Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: Type No. TBD		
Power consumption	At the maximum luminance control, Checkered flag pattern		



3. BLOCK DIAGRAM





4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification	Unit	
Module size	243.0 ± 0.5 (W) × 185.1 ± 0.5 (H) × 10.5 ± 0.5 (D)	Note1	mm
Display area	211.2 (H) × 158.4 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	TBD (typ.), TBD (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter				Rating	Unit	Remarks								
Power supply	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +3.96	v									
voltage	LED o	lriver	VDD	-0.3 to +15	v									
	Display Not		VD			Ta= 25°C								
Input voltage for	Function		VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	1a-25 C								
signals			PWM	-0.3 to +(5.5)	V									
	Function signal for LED driver		BRTC	-0.3 to +(VDD+1)	V									
	Storage temperature			-30 to +80	°C	-								
	Front surface			-30 to +80	°C	Note3								
Operating	emperature	Rear surface	TopR	-30 to +80	°C	Note4								
				≤ 95	%	$Ta \le 40^{\circ}C$								
	Relative humidity				Relative humidity Note5			≤ 85	%	$40 < Ta \le 50^{\circ}C$				
				≤ 36	%	$60 < Ta \le 70^{\circ}C$								
				≤ 24	%	$70 < Ta \le 80^{\circ}C$								
	Absolute humidity Note5		AH	≤ 70 Note6	g/m ³	Ta > 80°C								

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC and MSL

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 80°C and RH= 24%



NL8060AC26-52D

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

$(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$									
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	v	-		
Power supply current		ICC	-	TBD Note1	(370) Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V		
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC		
Differential input threshold	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V		
voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3		
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-		
Input voltage for DPS, FRC	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	v	CMOS lavel		
and MSL signals	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	v	CMOS level		
Input current for DPS, FRC	High	IFH	-	-	300	μΑ			
and MSL signals	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μΑ	-		

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

4.3.2 LED driver

							(Ta= 25°C)
Paramete	Parameter		min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	e	VDD	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	Note1
Power supply current Note2		IDD	-	TBD	TBD Note3	mA	Note4
Permissible ripple vo	ltage	VRPD	-	-	200	mVp-p	for VDD
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	(2.0)	-	(5.3)	V	
PWM signal	Low	VDFL1	-	-	(0.8)	V	-
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	(2.0)	-	(VDD)	V	
BRTC signal	Low	VDFL2	-	-	(0.8)	V	-
PWM frequency		\mathbf{f}_{PWM}	(100)	-	10k	Hz	Note5, Note6
PWM duty cycle		DR _{PWM}	(10)	-	100	%	Note7
PWM pulse v	vidth	tPWH	(10)	-	-	μs	

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.Note2: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on. Put a capacitor between the power supply lines (VDD and GND) to reduce the noise if necessary.

Note3: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.



Note4: At the maximum luminance control Note5: A recommended f_{PWM} value is as follows.

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

- Note6: Depending on the frequency used, some noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.
- Note7: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH (PWM pulse width) is less than (10)µs. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight off and then on again by BRTC signal.

4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

This product works if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supp	ly voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VDD	12.0V	≤ 200	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

4.3.4 Fuse

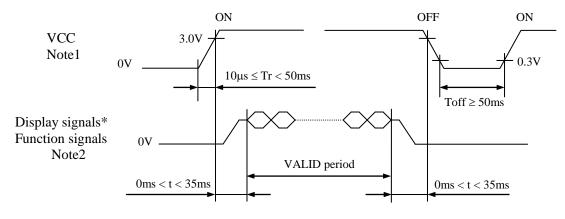
Dogomotor		Fuse	Dating	Eucing our	Domonica	
Parameter	Туре	Supplier	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks	
VCC FCC16152AB		KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	3.0A		
VCC	FCC10132AB	CO.,LTD	36V	5.0A	Note1	
VDD FCC16152AB		KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	3.0A	Note1	
VDD	TCC10132AD	CO.,LTD	36V	5.0A		

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.



4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

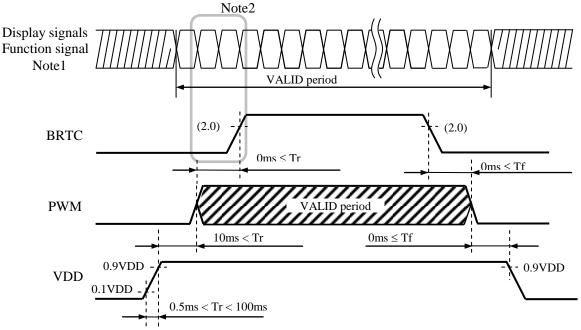
4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board

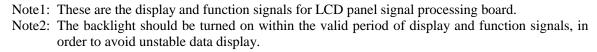


* These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

- Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.
- Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC and MSL) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.
 If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.









4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side):	FI-SE20P-HFE	E (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug:	FI-S20S	(Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

The plug. The plug of the plug								
Pin No. Symbol		Symbol	Signal	-	signal: 8bit	Input data	Remarks	
			0	MAP A	MAP B	signal: 6bit		
1	А	D3+	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	-	Note1, Note2	
	В	GND	Ground			Ground	Note3	
2	А	D3-	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	-	Note1, Note2	
	В	GND	Ground		_	Ground	Note3	
3	3	DPS	Selection of scan direction		Reverse scan Normal scan		Note4	
4	1	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Hi	gh	Low or Open	Note1 Note5	
5	5	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3	
6	5	CLK+	Pixel clock		Pixel clock		Note2	
7	7	CLK-	Pixel clock		Pixel clock		note2	
8	3	GND	Ground	Ground		Note3		
ç)	D2+	Pixel data	B4-B7,DE	B) D5 D	F	Note2	
1	0	D2-	Pixel data	Б4-Б7,DE	B4-B7,DE B2-B5,DE			
1	1	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3	
1	2	D1+	Pixel data	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G5,B0	P 1	Note2	
1	3	D1-		UJ-U7,D2-DJ	01-03,B0	101	notez	
1	4	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3	
1	5	D0+	Pixel data	P2 P7 C2	D0 D5 C	20	Note2	
1	6	D0-		N2-N/,U2	R2-R7,G2 R0-R5,G0		note2	
1	7	GND	Ground	Ground			Note3	
1	8	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low High Low			Note5	
1	9	VCC		Dennestre			Note3	
20 VCC Power supply Power supply							notes	

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note4: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".



4.5.2 LED driver

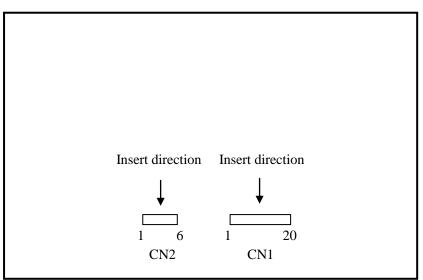
CN2 socket (LCD module side): FI-S6P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)) Adaptable plug: FI-S6S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Trauptuote prag.		11000 (tupun 11)				
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remarks			
1	VDD	Power supply				
2	VDD	Power supply	Note1			
3	GND	Ground	Note I			
4	GND	Ground				
5	BRTC	Backlight ON/OFF control	High or Open:Backlight ONLow:Backlight OFF			
6	PWM	Luminance control terminal by PWM Dimming	High or Open: 100% (Max. Luminance)			

Note1: All GND and VDD terminals must be connected to appropriate terminals.

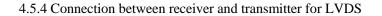
4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket

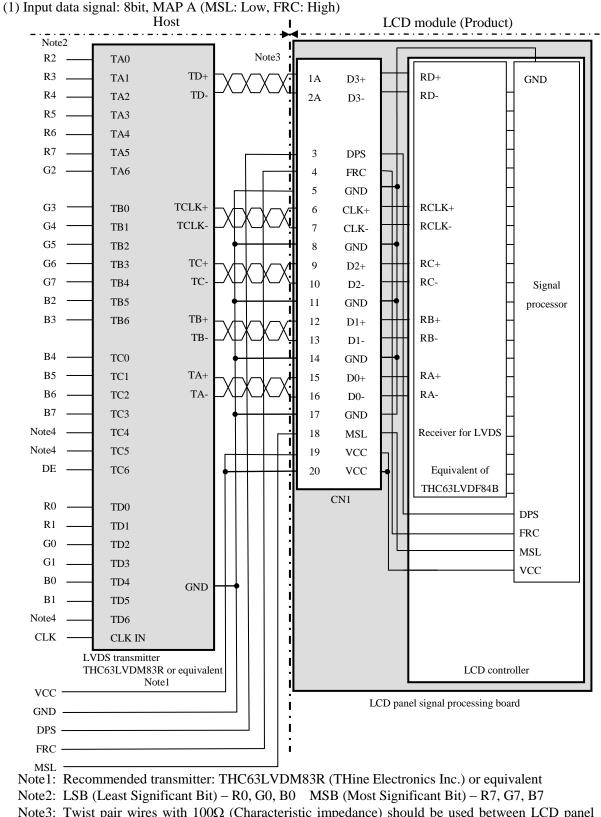
Rear side





NL8060AC26-52D

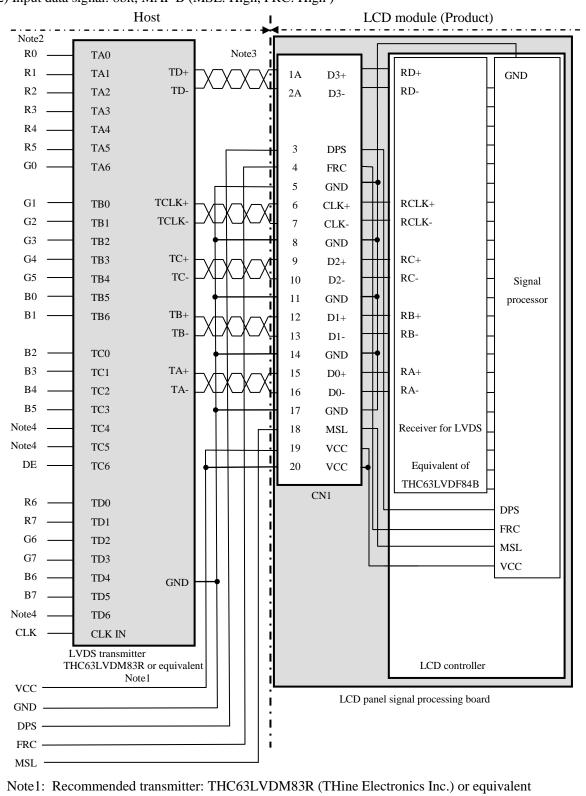




Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.

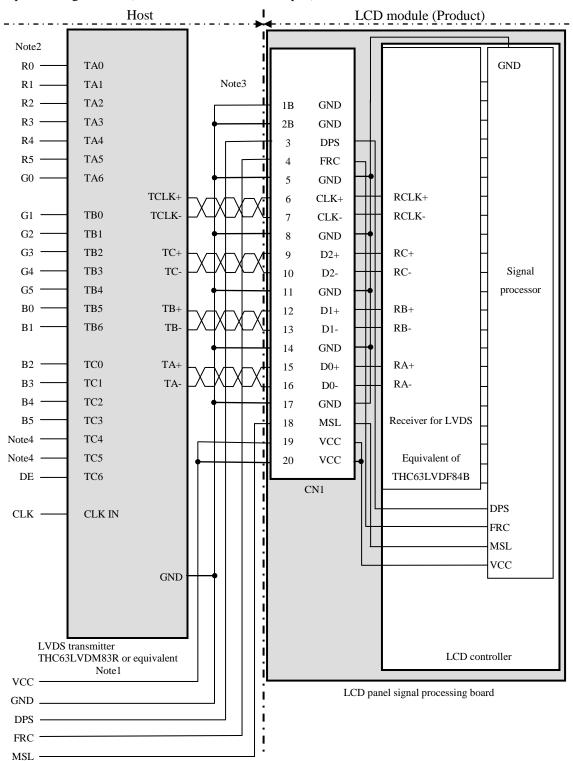




(2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B (MSL: High, FRC: High)

- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R7, G7, B7
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.



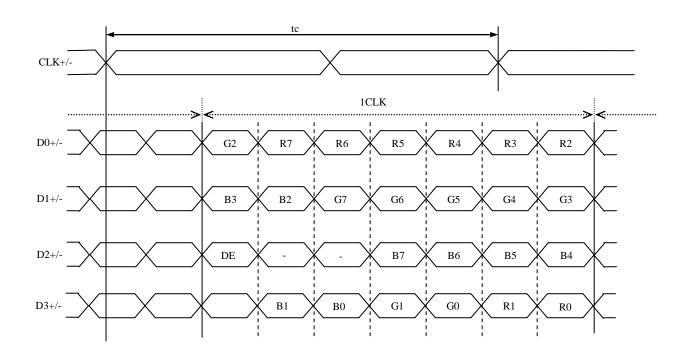


(3) Input data signal: 6bit (MSL: Low, FRC: Low or Open)

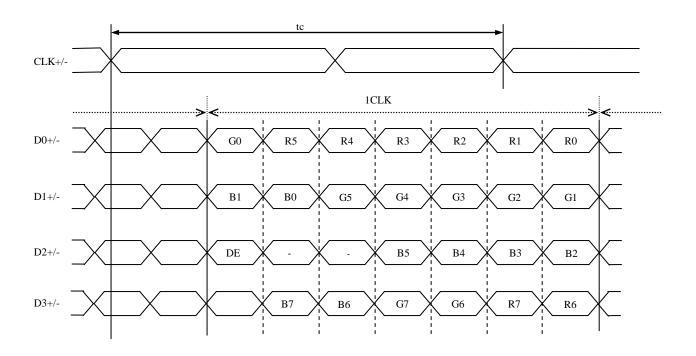
- Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R5, G5, B5
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.



- 4.5.5 Input data mapping
- (1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A

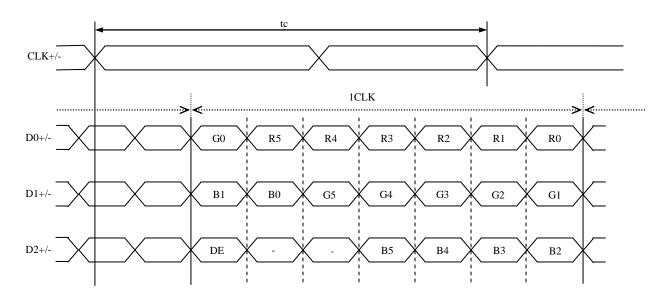


(2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B





(3) Input data signal: 6bit



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent with 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal. See the following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input Data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8 bit	MAP A	D3+/-	High	Low	16,777,216	Note1
2	8 bit	MAP B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
3	6 bit	-	GND	Low or Open	Low	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "4.6.2 16,777,216 colors".

Note2: See "4.6.3 262,144 colors".



4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent with 256 gray scales by combination ① or ②. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal**".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Disula	1								Data	a sig	nal	(0: I	LOW	leve	el, 1	: Hi	gh le	evel))						
Display	y colors	R7	' R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G	7 G6	6 G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	7 B6	6 B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay.	↑ ,				:									:											
Red gray scale	\downarrow				:									:											
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	D I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
y sc	dark ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	↑ I													•											
sen	↓ bright	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ğ	origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DIACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale		Ĭ	Ŭ	v		:	0	v	0	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	:	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ĭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	:	Ŭ	•	Ŭ
gra	Ļ													:											
lue	• bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
B	ongin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal**".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display colors							Data						ligh le						
Display	COIDIS	R 5	R4	R 3	R2	R 1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B 5	B4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Isic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
B^{a}	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	1				:						:						:		
l gr	\downarrow										:						:		
Rea	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
' sc	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gray	↑				•						:						:		
Green gray scale	+	0	0	0	:	0	0				:	0		0	0	0	:	0	0
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
•	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	↑ I																		
ue g	↓ ↓ · • • .	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
Blı	bright	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	0	1 0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 1	1	1	1	1 1	0
	Blue	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	1	1	1	1	1



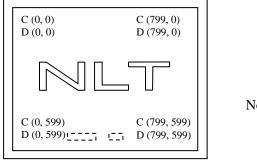
4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0,	0) B					
$\begin{pmatrix} C(0, 0) \end{pmatrix}$	C(1, 0)	• • •	C(X, 0)	• • •	C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)	• • •	C(X, 1)	• • •	C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•••
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)	• • •	C(X, Y)	• • •	C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, 598)	C(1, 598)	• • •	C(X, 598)	• • •	C(798, 598)	C(799, 598)
C(0, 599)	C(1, 599)	•••	C(X, 599)	•••	C(798, 599)	C(799, 599)

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.



Note1

CN1 CN2

Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

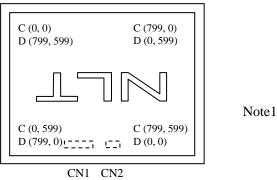


Figure2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

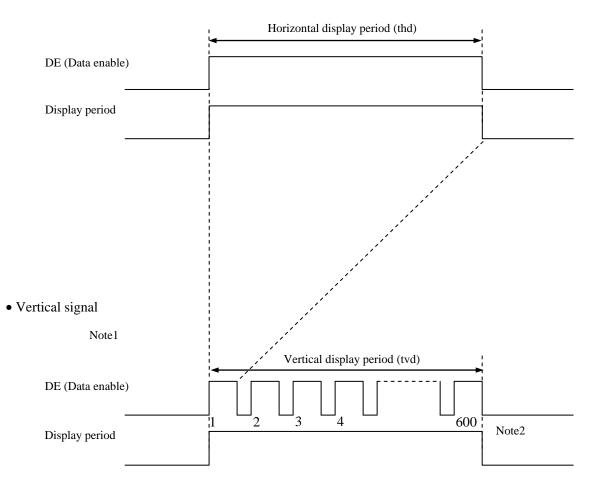
C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "**4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS**".) D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board



4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

- 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings
- Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for the pulse number.



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4.9.2 Timing characteristics

.2 Thing	endracteristics	,					(Note	e1, Note2, Note3)	
	Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
		quency	1/tc	34.0	38.362	42.0	MHz	26.067 ns (typ.)	
CLK	I	Duty	-				-		
	Rise tim	-		-		ns	-		
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns		
DATA CLK-DATA		Hold time	-		-		ns	-	
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns		
		Cycle	th	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs		
	Horizontal	Cycle	ui	-	1,024	-	- CLK 37.463		
		Display period	thd	800			CLK		
	Mantinal	Cycle	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms		
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	-	- 625 -		Н	59.94 Hz (typ.)	
	(,	Display period	tvd		600		Н		
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-				ns		
	CER-DE	Hold time	-		-		ns	-	
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns		

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc=1CLK, th=1H

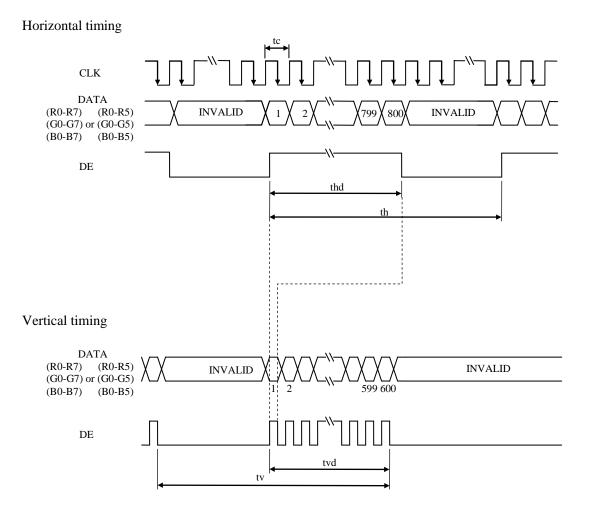
Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).



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4.9.3 Input signal timing chart





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4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

4.10.1 Орі								(Note1,	Note2)	
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks	
Luminan	ce	White at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	L	240	400	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-	
Contrast ra	atio	White/Black at center $\theta R=0^\circ, \theta L=0^\circ, \theta U=0^\circ, \theta D=0^\circ$	CR	500	900	-	-	BM-5A	Note3	
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4	
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-			
	white	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-			
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	TBD	-	-			
Chromaticity	Keu	y coordinate	Ry	-	TBD	-	-			
Chromatienty	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	TBD	-	-	SR-3	Note5	
	Ulteri	y coordinate	Gy	-	TBD	-	-	SK-5	Notes	
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	TBD	-	-			
	Blue	y coordinate	By	-	TBD	-	-			
Color gan	nut	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	С	35	40	-	%			
Perponse t	ima	White to Black	Ton	-	(3)	(5)	ms	BM-5A	Note6	
Response time		Black to White	Toff	-	(15)	(21)	ms	-10000	Note7	
	Right	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θR	(70)	(80)	-	0			
V:	Left	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θL	(70)	(80)	-	0	EZ	N-4-9	
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	(70)	(80)	-	0	Contrast	Note8	
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	(70)	(80)	-	0			

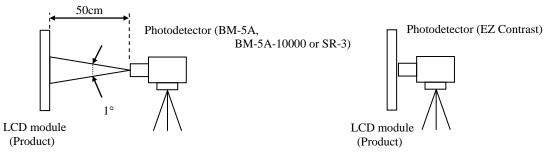
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

 $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, VCC = 3.3V, VDD = 12.0V, PWM: Duty 100%, Display mode: SVGA,

Horizontal cycle= 1/37.463kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.94Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

- Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".
- Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.
- Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= TBD°C
- Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".
- Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".



4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance of white screen Luminance of black screen

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

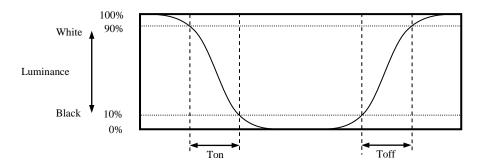
 $Luminance uniformity (LU) = \frac{Maximum luminance from (1) to (5)}{Minimum luminance from (1) to (5)}$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

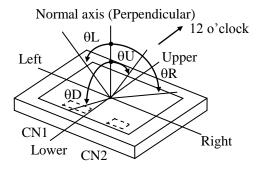
	13	33	4	00	e	667	
100	•	<u>)</u>			•	2	
300	+			3			
500		<u>4</u>				5	

4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles





5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM Duty:100%	100,000	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for an LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.



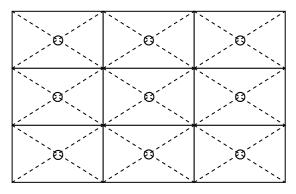
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6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours Display data is black. 	
High temperature (Operation)	 80 ± 3°C, 240hours Display data is black. 	
Heat cycle (Operation)	 -30 ± 3°C1hour 80 ± 3°C1hour 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle Display data is black. 	
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 ① -30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes ② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle ③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions
ESD (Operation)	 ① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval 	
Dust (Operation)	 Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) 15 seconds stir 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 	
Vibration (Non operation)	 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s² 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z directions 120 times each directions 	No display malfunctions
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 539m/s², 11ms ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions 5 times each directions 	No physical damages

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.





7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!**

This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



damage if the customer practices wrong operations.

This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s² and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\ophi16mm jig)\$)

7.3 ATTENTIONS
$$\cancel{!}$$

7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ③ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ④ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑤ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ⑦ Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- ③ When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ③ Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.



7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ④ The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

7.3.4 Others

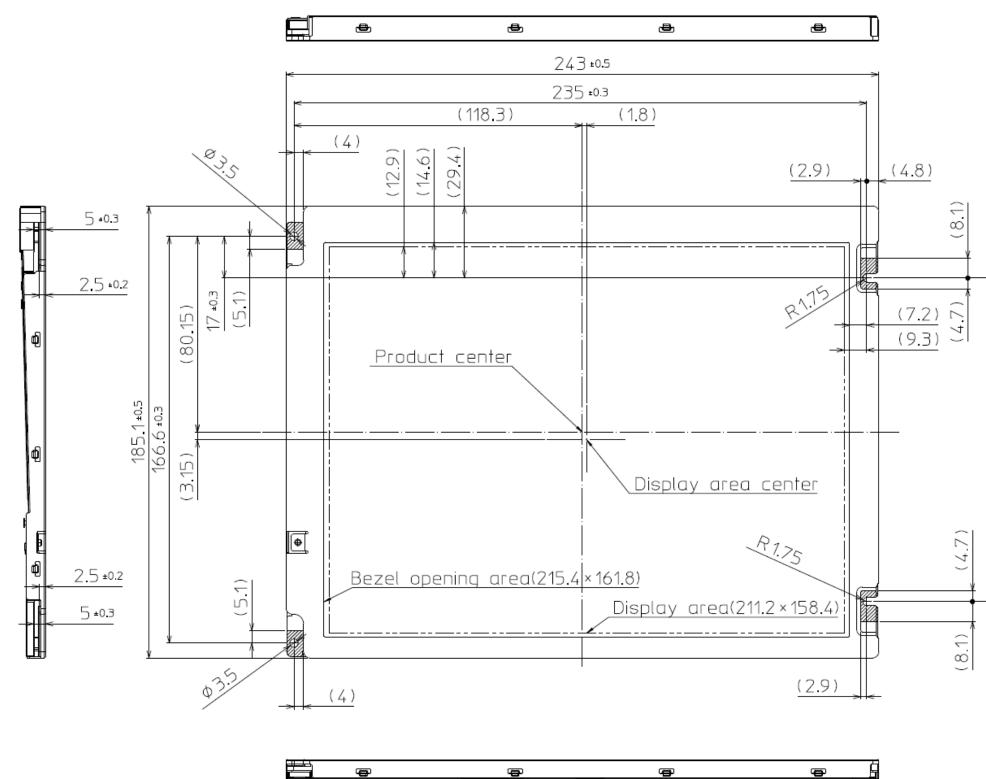
- ① All VCC and GND terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- ④ Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NLT for repairing and so on.

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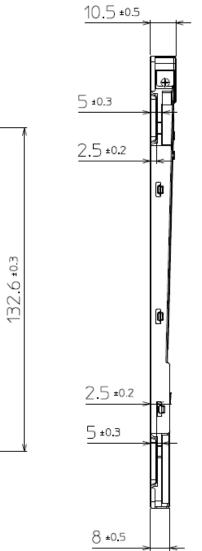
8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Note3: Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

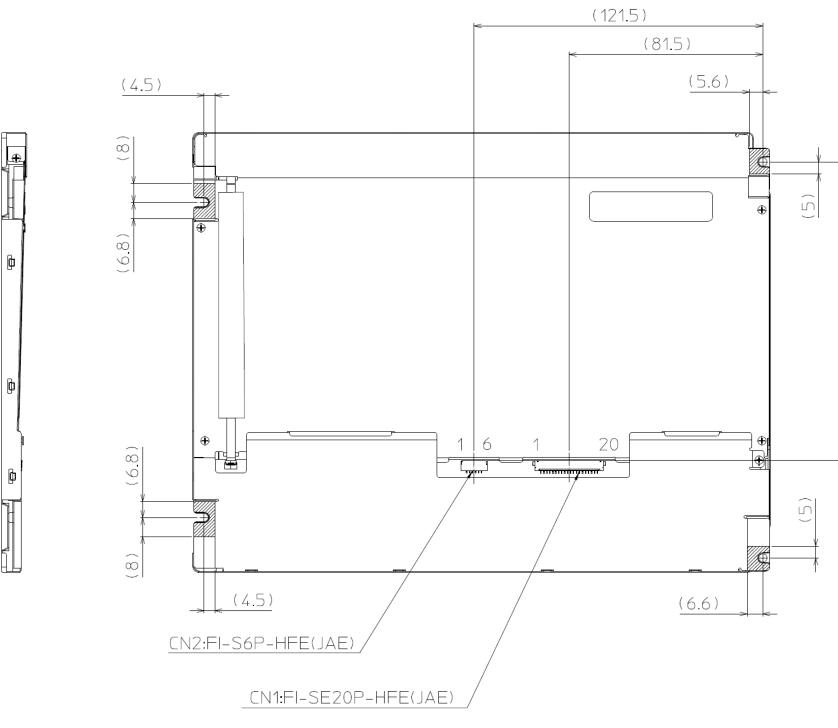


Unit: mm

PRELIMINARY

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8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Note3: Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

NL8060AC26-52D



Unit: mm



REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepared date		Revision contents and signature	
1st edition	DOD-PP- 1182	Feb. 3, 2014	Revision contents		
cutton	1102	2014	New issue		
			Signature of writer Approved by R. KAWASHIMA	Checked by	Prepared by E. Yoshimura E. YOSHIMURA