NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL8060BC31-47

31cm (12.1 Type) SVGA LVDS interface (1port)



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INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Computers, office automation equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment, industrial robots, etc.

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Examples: Control systems for transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, medical equipment not specifically designed for life support, safety equipment, etc.

The **Specific** quality grade applies to the products developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by a customer who requires an extremely higher level of reliability and quality for such products.

Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL8060BC31-47 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

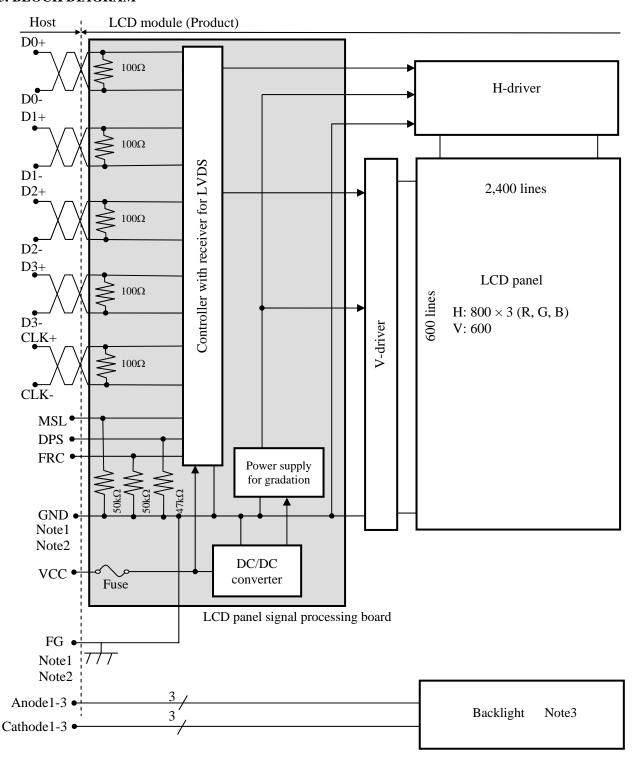
1.3 FEATURES

- Long life LED backlight type
- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Replaceable lamp holder for backlight
- Compliance with the European RoHS directive (2002/95/EC)

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	246.0 (H) × 184.5 (V) mm						
Diagonal size of display	31cm (12.1 inches)						
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix						
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)						
Pixel	800 (H) × 600 (V) pixels						
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe						
Dot pitch	$0.1025 \text{ (H)} \times 0.3075 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$						
Pixel pitch	0.3075 (H) × 0.3075 (V) mm						
Module size	$280.0 \text{ (W)} \times 210.0 \text{ (H)} \times 9.1 \text{ (D)} \text{ mm (typ.)}$						
Weight	580 g (typ.)						
Contrast ratio	900:1 (typ.)						
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 • Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.)						
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒ 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular 						
Polarizer surface	Clear						
a ounties surjuce	Clear						
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400]						
•							
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400] At LCD panel center						
Polarizer pencil-hardness Color gamut	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400] At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space] $Ton+Toff (10\% \leftarrow \rightarrow 90\%)$						
Polarizer pencil-hardness Color gamut Response time	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400] At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space] Ton+Toff (10%←→90%) 18 ms (typ.) At IL= 50mA/One circuit						
Polarizer pencil-hardness Color gamut Response time Luminance	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400] At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space] Ton+Toff (10%←→90%) 18 ms (typ.) At IL= 50mA/One circuit 450 cd/m² (typ.) LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK),						
Polarizer pencil-hardness Color gamut Response time Luminance Signal system	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400] At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space] Ton+Toff (10%←→90%) 18 ms (typ.) At IL= 50mA/One circuit 450 cd/m² (typ.) LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]						

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



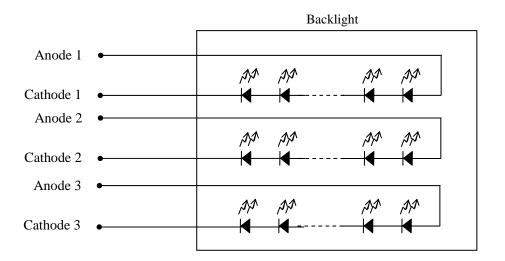
Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND - FG

Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.

Note3: Backlight in detail



4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$280.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 210.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 9.1 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	246.0 (H) × 184.5 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	580 (typ.), 600 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V	
Input voltage for	Display Not		VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	37	-
signals	Function Not		VF	and -0.3 to +4.0	V	
Backlight	Forward	current	IL	70	mA	per one circuit
S	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-
Operating	raman anaturna	Front surface	TopF	-30 to +80	°C	Note3
Operating t	emperature	Rear surface	TopR	-30 to +80	°C	Note4
				≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
				≤ 85	%	40°C <ta≤ 50°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
	Relative humidity Note5		RH	≤ 55	%	50°C <ta≤ 60°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
				≤ 36	%	60°C <ta≤ 70°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
				≤ 24	%	70°C <ta≤ 80°c<="" td=""></ta≤>
	Absolute humidity Note5		АН	≤ 70 Note6	g/m ³	-

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC, MSL

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 80°C and RH= 24%

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	;	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current	:	ICC	-	380 Note1	550 Note2	mA	at VCC = 3.3V
Permissible ripple volta	VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC	
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM=1.2V
threshold voltage	hold voltage Low		-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance	e	RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level
DPS, FRC and MSL signals	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CIVIOS IEVEI
Input current for	High	IFH	-	-	300	μΑ	
FRC and MSL signals	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μΑ	-

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

4.3.2 Backlight

(Ta=25°C, Note1, Note2)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Forward current	IL	-	50.0	55.0	mA	-
Forward Voltage		21.2	24.0	27.2		Ta= +25°C at IL= 50mA /One circuit
	VL	19.28	-	-	v	Ta= +80°C at IL= 50mA /One circuit
		-	-	29.84	v	Ta= -30°C at IL= 50mA /One circuit
		-	-	30.56		Ta= -30°C at IL= 55mA /One circuit

Note1: Please drive with constant current.

Note2: The Luminance uniformity may be changed depending on the current variation between 3 circuits. It is recommended that the current value difference between each circuit is less than 5%.

4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power sup	ply voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

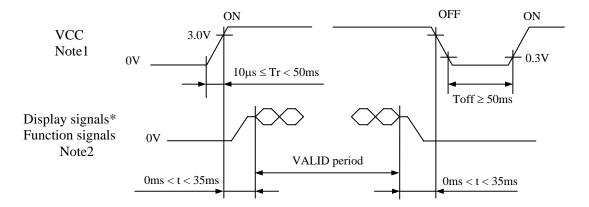
4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter		Fuse	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
i di ametei	Type	Supplier	Katilig	rusing current	Remarks
VCC	FCC16202AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	2.0A	4.0A	Note1
VCC	rcc10202AB	CO., LTD.	32V	4.0A	Note1

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



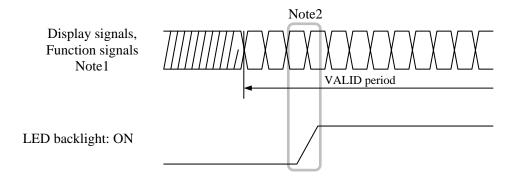
^{*} These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V, a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC and MSL) must be Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuits is damaged.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If customer stops the display and function signals, they should be cut VCC.

4.4.2 LED Driver board (Option)



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Ac	iapta	ible plug:	FI	-S20S (Japan)	Industry Limite	ea (JAE))													
Pi		Symbol	Signal	Input data	signal: 8bit	Input data	Remarks												
N	0.	Symbol	Signar	MAP A	MAP B	signal: 6bit	Kemarks												
1	A	D3+	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	-	Note1, Note3												
	В	GND	Ground	- Ground															
2	A	D3-	Pixel data	xel data R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1 R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7 -															
	В	GND	GND Ground -						-		-		Note4						
3	3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	8	Reverse scan Normal scan		Note2												
4	1	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Hi	gh	Low or Open	Note1 Note5												
5	5	GND	Ground			Note4													
6	5	CLK+	Pixel clock			Note3													
7	7	CLK-	1 IACI CIOCK		Pixel clock		Notes												
8	3	GND	Ground		Note4														
9)	D2+	Pixel data	B4-B7,DE	E	Note3													
1	0	D2-	i ixei data	B4-B7,DE	B2-B5,D	E	Notes												
1	1	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4												
1	2	D1+	Pixel data	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G5,B0-	.R1	Note3												
1	3	D1-	1 ixel data	G3-G7, D2-D 3	G1-G5,B0	ъ	Notes												
1.	4	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4												
1	5	D0+	Pixel data	R2-R7,G2	R0-R5,G	0	Note3												
1	6	D0-	1 IACI data	11.2-11.7,02	K0-KJ,0		110103												
1	7	GND	Ground	Ground		Ground		Ground		Ground		Ground		Ground		Ground			Note4
1	8	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low	Low High Low														
1	9	VCC	Power supply		NoteA														
2	0	VCC	1 ower suppry		Note4														

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

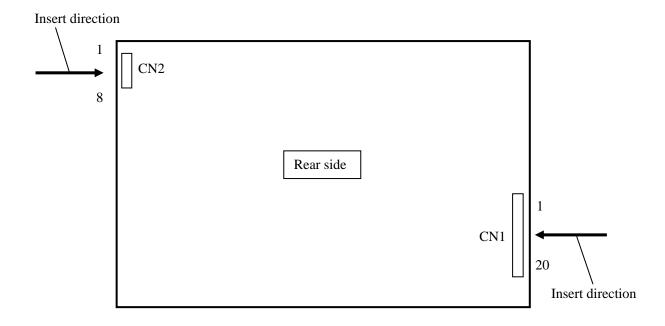
Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

4.5.2 Backlight

CN2 plug (LCD module side): SM08B-SRSS-TB (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)
Adaptable socket: SHR-8V-S, SHR-8V-S-B (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

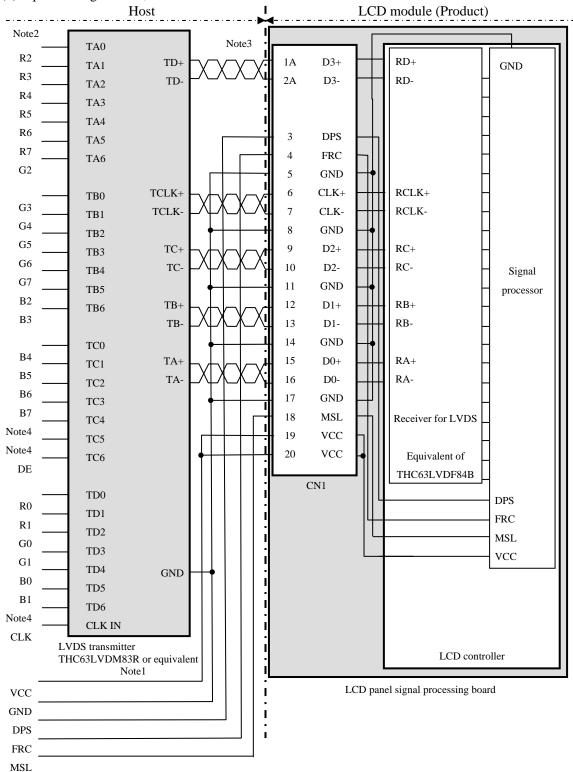
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	A1	Anode1	-
2	K1	Cathode1	-
3	A2	Anode2	-
4	K2	Cathode2	-
5	A3	Anode3	-
6	K3	Cathode3	-
7	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
8	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.

4.5.3 Positions of plugs and a socket



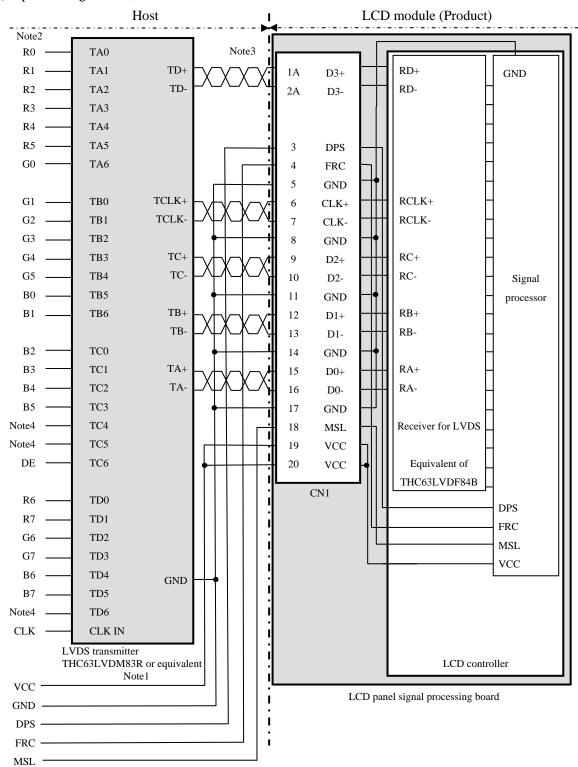
4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

(1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



- Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R7, G7, B7
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.



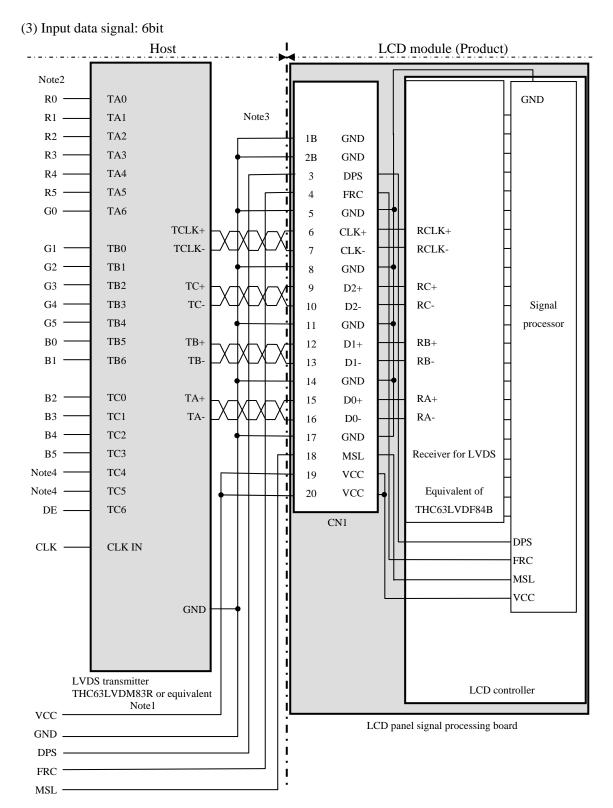


Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.



Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

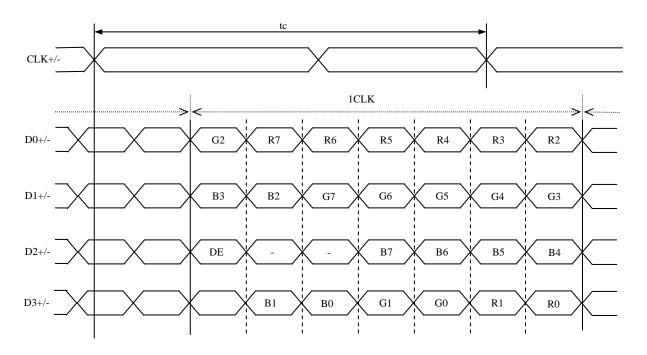
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R5, G5, B5

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

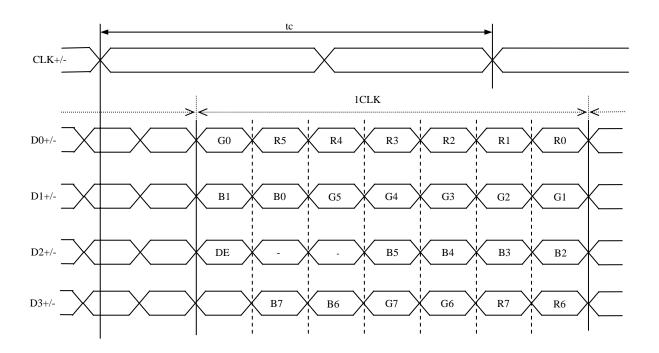
Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4 and TC5 open to avoid noise problem.

4.5.5 Input data mapping

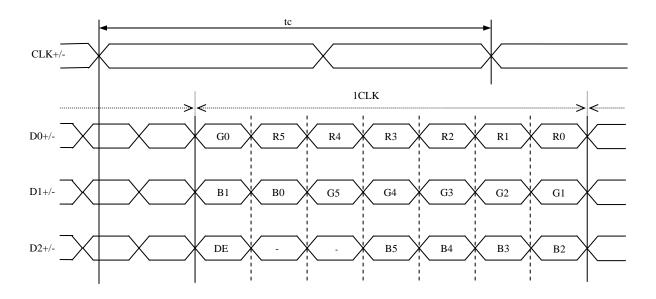
(1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



(2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B



(3) Input data signal: 6bit



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal

This product can display in equivalent to 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal. See following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input data CN1- mapping Pin No.1 and 2		FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8 bit	Map A	D3+/-	High	Low	16,777,216	Note1
2	8 bit	Map B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
3	6 bit	-	GND	Low or open	Low	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "**4.6.2 16,777,216 colors**". Note2: See "**4.6.3 262,144 colors**".

4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales by combination ① and ②. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal** ".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Dienle				Data	ata signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																				
Dispia	ly colors	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	7 G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	Б В5	B4	В3	B2	В1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	↑					:								:								:			
d gı	\downarrow					:								:								:			
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ъ 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
y sc	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	↑					:								:								:			
en	↓	0	0	0	0	:	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	:	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	:	0	0	0
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ale	41.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
y sc	dark ↑		U	U	U		U	U	U	U	U	U	U		U	U	U	"	U	U	U		U	1	U
Blue gray scale																									
ne s	↓ bright	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Bl	origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display equivalent of 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal** ".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display colors							Data		al (0:	Low	level	, 1: H	Iigh le	vel)					
Display	COIOIS	R 5	R4	R3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	B4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
col	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
B2	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d)		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	\uparrow			:	:					:	:						:		
gra	\downarrow			:	:					:	:						:		
Red	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
lle		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray	\uparrow			:	:					:	:						:		
Green gray scale	\downarrow			:						:	:						:		
iree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Blue gray scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	\uparrow			:	:					:	:						:		
ag (\downarrow			:	:					:	:						:		
3lue	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
Щ	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0, 0)						
R G	В					
C(0, 0)	C(1, 0)		C(X, 0)		C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)
C(0,1)	C(1, 1)		C(X, 1)		C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•		•	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)		C(X, Y)		C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, 598)	C(1, 598)	• • •	C(X, 598)		C(798, 598)	C(799, 598)
C(0, 599)	C(1, 599)	• •	C(X, 599)		C(798, 599)	C(799, 599)

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

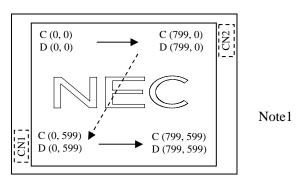


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

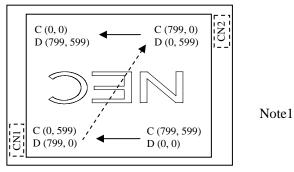


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

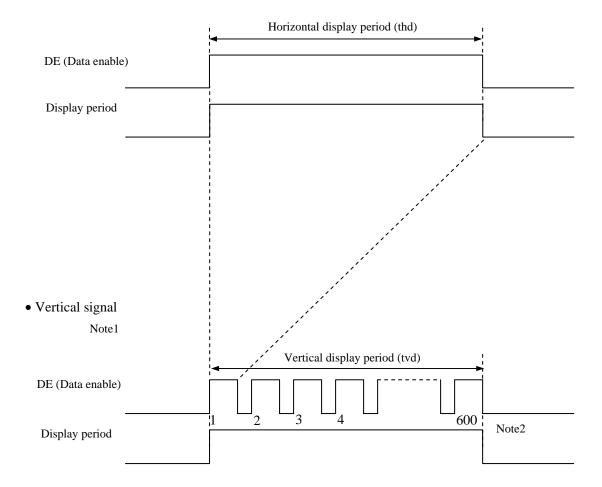
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for numeration of pulse.

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Fre	1/tc	34.0	38.362	42.0	MHz	26.067ns (typ.)		
CLK		Duty	-				1		
	Rise tir	ne, Fall time	-	-			ns	-	
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-						
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-		-		ns	-	
	Rise tir	ne, Fall time	-				ns		
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs		
		Cycle	ui	-	1,024	-	CLK	37.463kHz (typ.)	
		Display period	thd	800		CLK			
	77 1	Cycle	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms		
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle		-	625	-	Н	59.94Hz (typ.)	
	(0110 111111)	Display period	tvd	600			Н		
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-				ns		
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-		-		ns	-	
	Rise tir	Rise time, Fall time					ns		

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

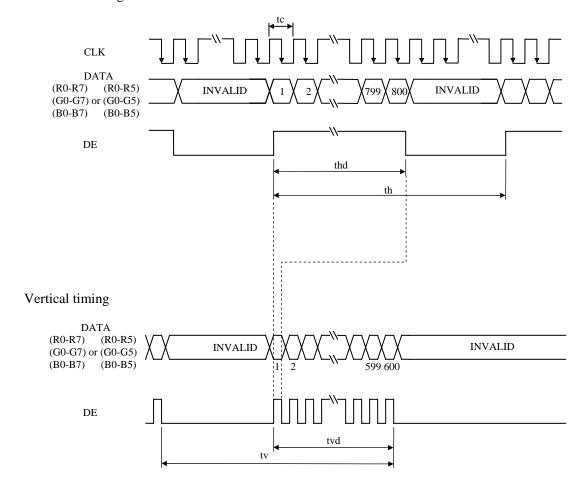
tc = 1CLK, th = 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

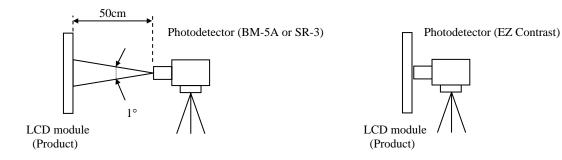
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminand	ce	White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	300	450	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-
Contrast ra	ıtio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	500	900	ı	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		Note5
	wnite	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.570	-	-		
Chromaticity		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.350	-	-		
Cinomaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.350	-	-	SR-3	
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.540	-	-	SIX-3	
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.155	-	-		
	Diuc	y coordinate	By	-	0.135	-	-		
Color gam	nut	θ R= 0°, θ L= 0°, θ U= 0°, θ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	С	35	40	1	%		
Response ti	ima	White to Black	Ton	-	3	6	ms	BM-5A	Note6
Kesponse ti	iiiie	Black to White	Toff - 15 19 ms		DIVI-JA	Note7			
	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	70	80	-	0		
Viouing angle	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θL	70	80	-	0	EZ	Note8
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	Contrast	notes
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θD	70	80	-	0		

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta = 25°C, VCC = 3.3V, IL = 50mA/One circuit, Display mode: SVGA, Horizontal cycle = 1/37.463kHz, Vertical cycle = 1/59.94Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: $TopF = 28^{\circ}C$

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

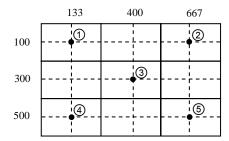
The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

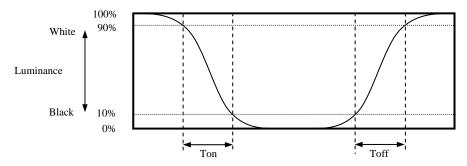
Luminance uniformity (LU) =
$$\frac{\text{Maximum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}{\text{Minimum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

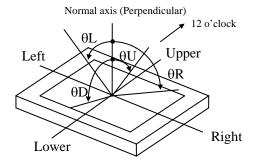


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Condition	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, IL=50mA/One circuit	70,000	h	
elementary substance	80°C (Surface temperature at screen) Continuous operation, IL=50mA/One circuit	60,000	h	

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

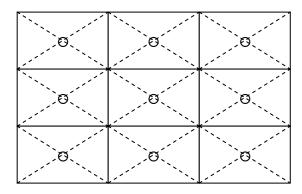
Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1		
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours Display data is black. 			
High temperature (Operation)	 ① 80 ± 3°C, 240hours ② Display data is black. 			
Heat cycle (Operation)	 30 ± 3°C1hour 80 ± 3°C1hour 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle Display data is black. 			
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 100cycles, 1hour/cycle Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions		
ESD (Operation)	 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV 9 places on a panel surface Note2 10 times each places at 1 sec interval 			
Dust (Operation)	 ① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901)) ② 15 seconds stir ③ 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 			
Vibration (Non operation)	 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s² 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z directions 120 times each directions 	No display malfunctions No physical damages		
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 539m/ s², 11ms ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions 5 times each directions 	- 110 physical damages		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by personnel or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by personnel, if customer has wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s² and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\phi\$16mm jig))

7.3 ATTENTIONS



7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- 3 When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ④ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- 6 Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ② Do not push nor pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ① Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal for the worst, please wash it out with soap.

7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box should be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the leaving time sufficiently because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- 4) This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- 4 The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

7.3.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- 4 Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repair and so on.
- ⑤ The information of China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

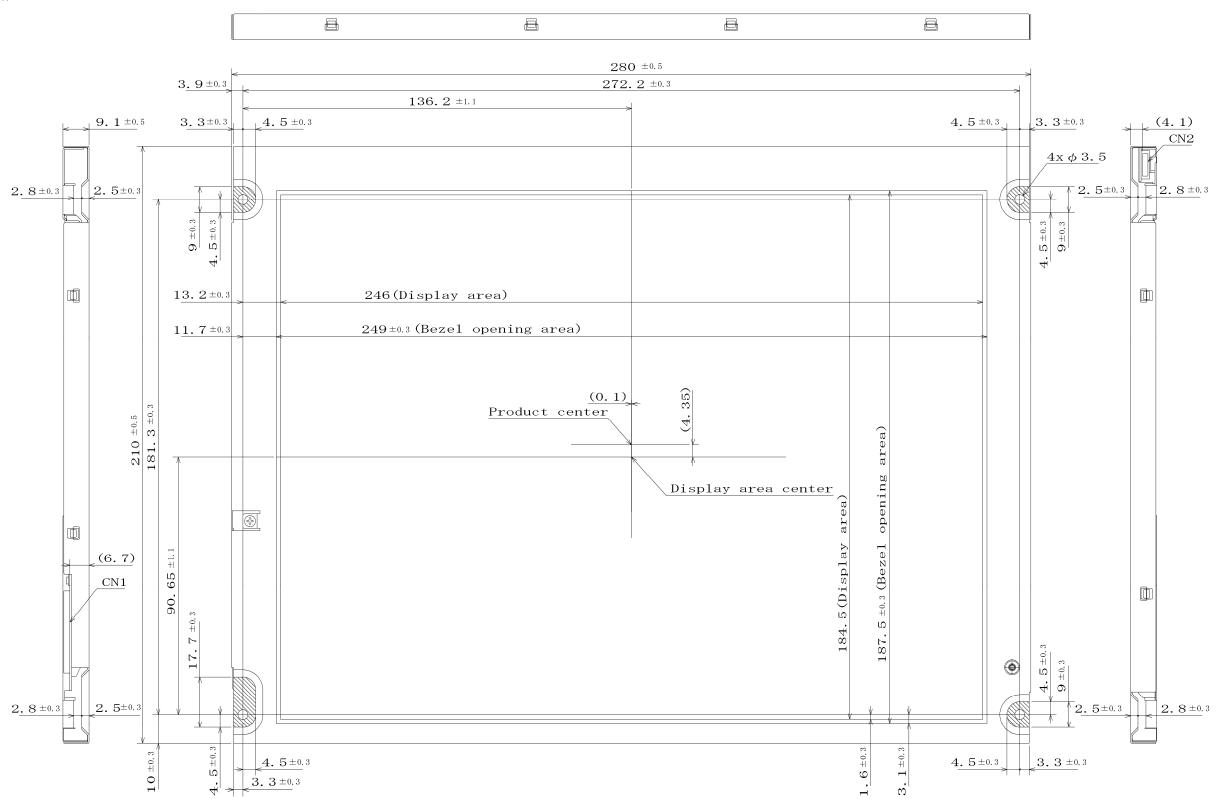
China RoHS directive six l hazardous substances or elements								
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)			
×	0	0	0	0	0			

Note1: (): This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.

X: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.

8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW



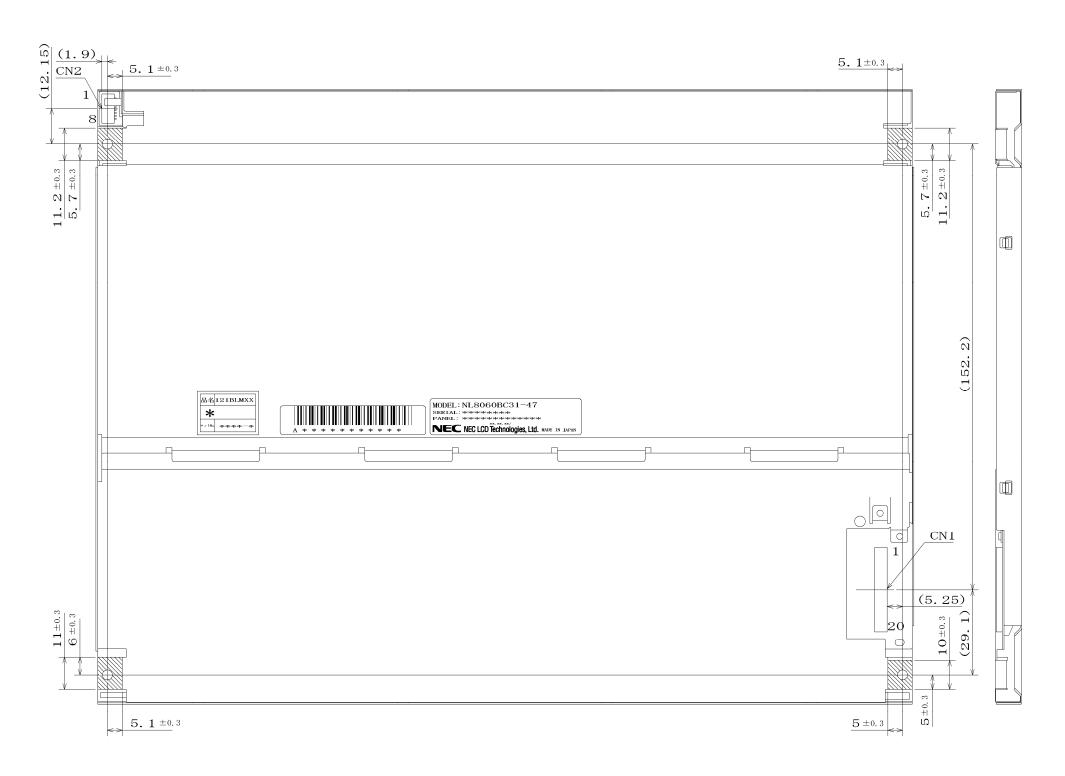
Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Note3: Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

Unit: mm

8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Note3: Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

Unit: mm