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SHARP

MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP SHARP CORPORATION SPECIFICATION

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	GROUP

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

TFT-LCD module

 $MODEL\ No.\ LQ030B7UB02$

These parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL	
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	Liquid Crystal Display Group
	SHARP CORPORATION

RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No: LQ030B7UB02 SPEC No : LCY-09083D

SPEC No : LCY-09083D						
	NO.	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE		
2009.10. 13	A	-	-	1st Issue		
2009.10.30	В	23	Correct ; LCD outline dimension	2 nd Issue		
			Outline - ActiveArea (8.3mm 7.9mm)			
2009.12.4	C	2~23	Addition; interface mode	3 rd Issue		
			· 16bit system interface mode			
			· VSYNC interface mode			
			• RGB interface mode			
		5,30	Correct; Temperature for operation			
			-20 ~70 → -10 ~70			
2010.05.18	D	18	Correct; 7-2)RGB interface mode diagram	4 th Issue		
			DENABLE: Low active High active			
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1. Applicable Scope

This specification is applicable to TFT-LCD Module "LQ030B7UB02".

2. General Description

This module is a color reflective and active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor), named AD-TFT(Advanced TFT). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver IC, a FPC and metal bezels.

- 1) When it is used by system interface mode, Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 240 x RGB x 400 dots panel with about 262k or 65K colors by supplying 18 or 16bit system interface signals, three control signals (RS/CS/WR), logic (Typ. +1.8V), analog (Typ. +3.0V or +2.8V) supply voltages for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for back light.
- 2) When it is used by RGB interface mode, Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 240 x RGB x 400 dots panel with about 262k colors by supplying 18 bit data signals (6bit x RGB), four timing signals, 3wires 24bit serial interface signals, logic (Typ. +1.8V), analog (Typ. +3.0V or +2.8V) supply voltages for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for back light.Optimum view angle is 12 o'clock.

3. Mechanical (Physical) Specifications

Item	Specifications	Unit
Screen size	7.6 (3.0" type) diagonal	cm
Active area	38.88 (H) × 64.8 (V)	mm
Divol former	240 (H) x 400 (V)	Pixel
Pixel format	1Pixel =R+G+B dots	-
Pixel pitch	0.162 (H) x 0.162 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripes	ı
Display mode	Normally white	ı
Unit outline dimensions	47.28 (W) x 76.4 (H) x3.25 (D)	mm
Mass	Approx.24	g
Surface hardness	3H	-
Surface treatment	Anti reflection	

^{*}The above-mentioned table indicates module sizes without some projections and FPC. For detailed measurements and tolerances, please refer to 17. Outline Dimensions.

4. Input/Output terminal and Functions

Recommendation CN: [HIROSE] FH19SC-45S-0.5SH(05)

When it is used by 18 or16bits system Interface

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remarks
1	GND	-	Ground	
2	LED-K	-	Power supply for LED (Cathode)	
3	LED-A2	-	Power supply for LED of 1pc (Anode)	
4	LED-A1	-	Power supply for LED of full(Anode)	
5	GND	-	Ground	
6	GND	-	Ground	
7	RESB	1	System reset	
8	GND	-	Ground	
9	DB17	ı	Data signal	
10	DB16	1	Data signal	
11	DB15	I	Data signal	
12	DB14	1	Data signal	
13	DB13		Data signal	
14	DB12	<u> </u>	Data signal	
15	DB11	I	Data signal	
16	DB10	I	Data signal	
17	DB9	1	Data signal	
18	DB8	1	Data signal	
19	DB7	<u> </u>	Data signal	
20	DB6	<u> </u>	Data signal	
21	DB5	<u> </u>	Data signal	
22	DB4	<u> </u>	Data signal	
23	DB3		Data signal	
24	DB2		Data signal	
25	DB1		Data signal	
26	DB0	I	Data signal	
27	GND	-	Ground	
28	NC V0010	-	Not connect	
29	VCCIO	- 1	Voltage input pin for logic I/O	Note 4 1
30 31	WR	1	Write control input pin Register select input pin	Note 4-1 Note 4-2
32	RS CS	1	Chip select pin	Note 4-2 Note 4-3
33	GND		Ground	11016 4-3
34	VSYNC	1	Frame synchronization signal (VSYNC interface)	Note 4-4
35	GND		Ground	NUIC 4-4
36	GND	_	Ground	
37	NC NC	_	Not connect	
38	VCCIO	-	Voltage input pin for logic I/O	
39	VCC	-	Booster input voltage pin	
40	IM0	1	Select a mode to interface	Note 4-5
41	IM1	i	Select a mode to interface	Note 4-5
42	IM2	i	Select a mode to interface	Note 4-5
43	GND	-	Ground	
44	GND		Ground	
45	GND	-	Ground	

When it is used by RGB system Interface

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remarks			
1	GND	-	Ground				
2 LED-K -			Power supply for LED (Cathode)				
3 LED-A2 -			Power supply for LED of 1pc (Anode)				
4	LED-A1	-	Power supply for LED of full(Anode)				
5	GND	-	Ground				
6	GND	-	Ground				
7	RESB	I	System reset				
8	GND	-	Ground				
9	R5	I	RED data signal(MSB)				
10	R4	I	RED data signal				
11	R3	I	RED data signal				
12	R2	I	RED data signal				
13	R1	I	RED data signal				
14	R0	I	RED data signal(LSB)				
15	G5	I	GREEN data signal(MSB)				
16	G4		GREEN data signal				
17	G3	<u> </u>	GREEN data signal				
18	G2		GREEN data signal				
19	G1		GREEN data signal				
20	G0	<u> </u>	GREEN data signal(LSB)				
21	B5		BLUE data signal(MSB)				
22	<u>B4</u>		BLUE data signal				
23	<u>B3</u>		BLUE data signal				
24	B2		BLUE data signal				
25	<u>B1</u>		BLUE data signal				
26	B0		BLUE data signal(LSB)				
27	SDI		Data input pin in serial mode				
28	NC NC	-	Not connect				
29	VCCIO	-	Voltage input pin for logic I/O				
30 31	SCL	l	Serial clock signal Voltage input pin for logic I/O				
32	VCCIO	-	Chip select pin	Note 4-3			
33	CS ENABLE			Note 4-3			
34	VSYNC		Data enable signal Frame synchronization signal				
35	HSYNC		Line synchronization signal				
36	DOTCLK		Dot-clock signal				
37	NC NC	_	Not connect				
38	VCCIO	_	Voltage input pin for logic I/O				
39	VCC	_	Booster input voltage pin				
40	IM0		Select a mode to interface	Note 4-5			
41	IM1	i	Select a mode to interface Select a mode to interface	Note 4-5			
42	IM2	i	Select a mode to interface	Note 4-5			
43	GND	_	Ground				
44	GND	-	Ground				
45	GND	_	Ground				

Note 4-1) Write strobe signal in system interface operation and enables write operation when WR* is low.

Note 4-2) "L"=Select status Register. "H"=Select control Register

Note 4-3) "L"= Selected and accessible. "H"=Not selected and not accessible.

Note 4-4) This terminal (VSYNC) is used at the VSYNC interface mode.

Please fix to GND when not in used.

Please refer to 7-1-2) for the VSYNC interface mode.

Note 4-5)

Display interface mode	IM2	IM1	IM0
16bit system interface	"L"	"H"	"L"
18bit system interface	"L"	"L"	"L"
RGB interface	"H"	"L"	"L"

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Rated value	Unit	Remarks
Input voltage	VI	Ta = 25°C	-0.3 ~VCCIO+0.3	V	Note5-1
Logic I/O power supply voltage	VCCIO	Ta = 25°C	-0.3 ~ +4.0	V	
Analog power supply voltage	VCC	Ta = 25°C	GND-0.3 ~ +4.6	V	
Temperature for storage	Tstg	-	-30 ~ +80	°C	Note5-2
Temperature for operation	Topr	-	-10 ~ +70	°C	Note5-2,3
LED input electric current	I _{LED}	Ta = 25°C	35	mA	Note5-4
LED electricity consumption	P _{LED}	Ta = 25°C	123	mW	Note5-4

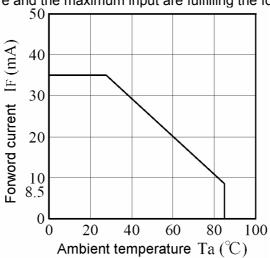
Note5-1) WR, RS, CS, SCL, SDI, ENABLE, VSYNC, HSYNC, DOTCLK, RESB, IM2~IM0, DB17~DB0, R5~R0, G5~G0, B5~B0

Note5-2) Humidity: 95%RH Max. (Ta 40°C)

Note5-3) Panel surface temperature prescribes.

Note5-4) Power consumption of one LED (Ta = 25°C). (use 6 pieces LED)

Ambient temperature and the maximum input are fulfilling the following operating conditions.



Ambient temperature and the maximum input

6. Electrical Characteristics

6-1. TFT LCD Panel Driving

Ta = 25°C

It	em	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
	DC voltage	V _{CCIO}	+1.65	+1.8	VCC	V	
Logic I/O	DC current	I _{VCCIO}	-	0.04	0.10	mA	Note6-1
power supply	DC voltage	V _{CCIO}	+1.65	+1.8	VCC	V	
	DC current	I _{VCCIO}	-	0.04	0.10	mA	Note6-2
	DC voltage 1	V _{CC}	+2.9	+3.0	+3.1	V	Note6-3
	DC current 1	I _{VCC}	-	13.5	20	mA	Note6-4
	DC voltage 2	V _{CC}	+2.7	+2.8	+2.9	V	Note6-3
Analog	DC current 2	I _{VCC}	-	13.5	20	mA	Note6-5
power supply	DC voltage 3	V _{CC}	+2.9	+3.0	+3.1	V	Note6-3
	DC current 3	I _{VCC}	-	15.5	23	mA	Note6-6
	DC voltage 4	V _{CC}	+2.7	+2.8	+2.9	V	Note6-3
	DC current 4	I _{VCC}	-	15.5	23	mA	Note6-7
Permis	sive input	V _{RFVCCIO}	-	-	100	mVp-p	Note6-8
Ripple	voltage	V _{RFVCC}	-	-	100	mVp-p	Note6-8
Logic	High	V _{IH}	0.8 * V _{CCIO}	1	V _{CCIO}	V	Note6-9
Input Voltage	Low	V _{IL}	0	-	0.2 * V _{CCIO}	V	Note6-9
Logic inp	Logic input Current		-1	-	1	μΑ	Note6-9

Note 6-1) 18 or 16bit system interface mode, V_{CCIO} = +1.8V, V_{CC} = +3.0 or +2.8V Current situation for I_{VCCIO} : Black & White checker flag pattern

Note 6-2) RGB interface mode, V_{CCIO} = +1.8V, V_{CC} = +3.0 or +2.8V Current situation for I_{VCCIO} : Black & White checker flag pattern

Note 6-3) Please refer to Register setting

Note 6-4) 18 or 16bit system interface mode, V_{CCIO} = +1.8V, V_{CI} = +3.0V Current situation for I_{CI} : All black pattern

Note 6-5) 18 or 16bit system interface mode, V_{CCIO} = +1.8V, V_{CI} = +2.8V Current situation for I_{CI} : All black pattern

Note 6-6) RGB interface mode, V_{CCIO} = +1.8V, V_{CI} = +3.0V Current situation for I_{CI} : All black pattern

Note 6-7) RGB interface mode, V_{CCIO} = +1.8V, V_{CI} = +2.8V Current situation for I_{CI} : All black pattern

Note 6-8) V_{CCIO} = +1.8V, V_{CI} = +3.0V or +2.8V

Note 6-9) WR, RS, CS, SCL, SDI, ENABLE, VSYNC, HSYNC, DOTCLK, RESB, IM2~IM0, DB17~DB0, R5~R0, G5~G0, B5~B0

6-2. Power up sequence

When it is used by 18 or 16bits system Interface

V_{CC} ON (hold Pin No.7:RESB = "L")

Wait min. 0ms

 V_{CCIO} ON (hold Pin No.7:RESB = "L") \downarrow Wait min. 1ms

↓
Hard Reset (No.7:RESB "L" "H")

Wait min. 1ms

	↓			
Reg. #	Register	Da	ata	Remark
Neg. #		VCC=3.0V	VCC=2.8V	Remark
R000h	Dummy Transfer	-	-	
R000h	Dummy Transfer	-	1	
R000h	Dummy Transfer	-	1	
R000h	Dummy Transfer	-	-	

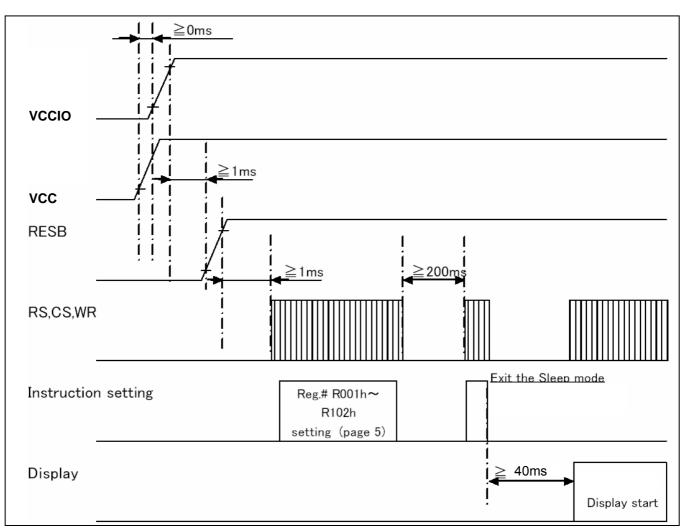
Instruction setting

Reg. #	Register	Data(Gai	mma 2.2)	Remark
R001 h	Power control 1	0100 h	0100 h	
R002 h	LCD Driving Wave Control	0100 h	0100 h	
R003 h	Entry mode	x030 h	x030 h	Note 6-7
R008 h	Power control 2	0622 h	0622 h	
R009 h	Power control 3	0001 h	0001 h	
R00B h	Power control 4	0030 h	0030 h	
R00F h	Power control 5	0002 h	0002 h	
R010 h	Power control 6	0019 h	0019 h	
R011 h	Power control 7	0101 h	0101 h	
R012 h	Power control 8	0000 h	0000 h	
R013 h	Power control 9	0001 h	0001 h	
R100 h	Power control 10	0230 h	0130 h	
R101 h	Power control 11	0247 h	0247 h	
R103 h	Power control 12	1300 h	1300 h	
R210 h	Power control 13	0000 h	0000 h	
R211 h	Power control 14	00EF h	00EF h	
R212 h	Power control 15	0000 h	0000 h	
R213 h	Power control 16	018F h	018F h	
R300 h	Gamma control 1	010D h	010D h	
R301 h	Gamma control 2	A805 h	A805 h	
R302 h	Gamma control 3	0802 h	0802 h	
R303 h	Gamma control 4	011C h	011C h	
R304 h	Gamma control 5	0000 h	0000 h	
R305 h	Gamma control 6	0A10 h	0A10 h	
R306 h	Gamma control 7	A805 h	A805 h	
R307 h	Gamma control 8	0804 h	0804 h	
R308 h	Gamma control 9	010E h	010E h	
R309 h	Gamma control 10	0000 h	0000 h	
R400 h	Power control 17	6A08 h	6A08 h	
R401 h	Power control 18	0001 h	0001 h	
R404 h	Power control 19	0000 h	0000 h	
R200 h	Power control 20	0000 h	0000 h	
R201 h	Power control 21	0000 h	0000 h	
R102 h	Power control 23	A1B0 h	A1B0 h	

Exit the Sleep mode

Reg. #	Register	Data(Ga	mma 2.2)	Remark
R007 h	Power control 24	0100 h	0100 h	Note 6-9
R00C h	Display interface control 5	0xx0 h	0xx0 h	Note 6-8
R202 h	Power control 22	-	-	

↓
Wait min.40 ms
↓
Back Light ON/Display ON



 V_{CC} ON (hold Pin No.7:RESB = "L")

Wait min. 0ms

V_{CCIO} ON (hold Pin No.7:RESB = "L")

↓ Wait min. 1ms

Hard Reset (No.7:RESB "L" "H")

Wait min. 1ms

Dog #	Desistes	Da	ata	Damark
Reg. #	Register	VCC=3.0V	VCC=2.8V	Remark
R000h	Dummy Transfer	-	-	
R000h	Dummy Transfer	-	-	
R000h	Dummy Transfer	-	-	
R000h	Dummy Transfer	-	-	

Instruction setting

Reg. #	Register	Data(Ga	mma 2.2)	Remark
R001 h	Power control 1	0100 h	0100 h	
R002 h	LCD Driving Wave Control	0100 h	0100 h	
R003 h	Entry mode	1030 h	1030 h	Note 6-7
R008 h	Power control 2	0622 h	0622 h	
R009 h	Power control 3	0001 h	0001 h	
R00B h	Power control 4	0030 h	0030 h	
R00F h	Power control 5	0002 h	0002 h	
R014 h	Power control 6	0055 h	0055 h	
R020 h	Power control 7	0019 h	0019 h	
R021 h	Power control 8	0101 h	0101 h	
R022 h	Power control 9	0000 h	0000 h	
R023 h	Power control 10	0001 h	0001 h	
R100 h	Power control 11	0230 h	0130 h	
R101 h	Power control 12	0247 h	0247 h	
R103 h	Power control 13	1300 h	1300 h	
R210 h	Power control 14	0000 h	0000 h	
R211 h	Power control 15	00EF h	00EF h	
R212 h	Power control 16	0000 h	0000 h	
R213 h	Power control 17	018F h	018F h	
R300 h	Gamma control 1	010D h	010D h	
R301 h	Gamma control 2	A805 h	A805 h	
R302 h	Gamma control 3	0802 h	0802 h	
R303 h	Gamma control 4	011C h	011C h	
R304 h	Gamma control 5	0000 h	0000 h	
R305 h	Gamma control 6	0A10 h	0A10 h	
R306 h	Gamma control 7	A805 h	A805 h	
R307 h	Gamma control 8	0804 h	0804 h	
R308 h	Gamma control 9	010E h	010E h	
R309 h	Gamma control 10	0000 h	0000 h	
R400 h	Power control 18	6A08 h	6A08 h	
R401 h	Power control 19	0001 h	0001 h	
R404 h	Power control 20	0000 h	0000 h	
R200 h	Power control 21	0000 h	0000 h	
R201 h	Power control 22	0000 h	0000 h	
R102 h	Power control 24	A1B0 h	A1B0 h	
R206 h	Power control 25	0008 h	0008 h	

Wait min.200ms

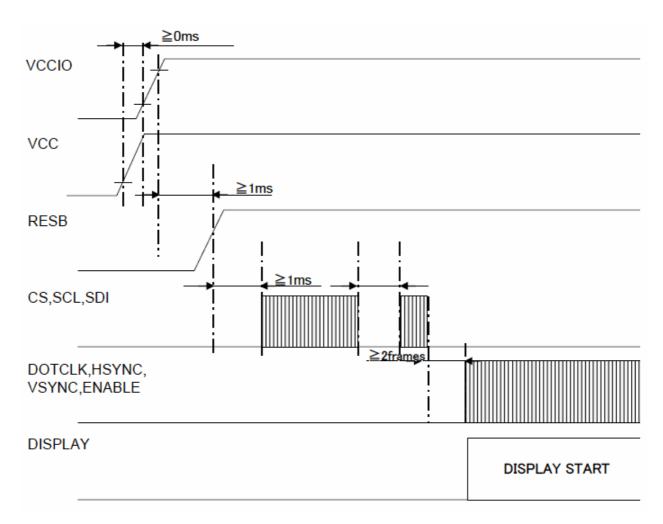
Display Data Start (DOTCLK, HSYNC, VSYNC)

ļ

Exit the Sleep mode

Reg. #	Register	Data(Ga	mma 2.2)	Remark
R007 h	Power control 26	0100 h	0100 h	Note 6-9
R00C h	Display interface mode	0110 h	0110 h	Note 6-8
R202 h	Power control 23	_	_	

↓
Wait min.40 ms
↓
Back Light ON/Display ON

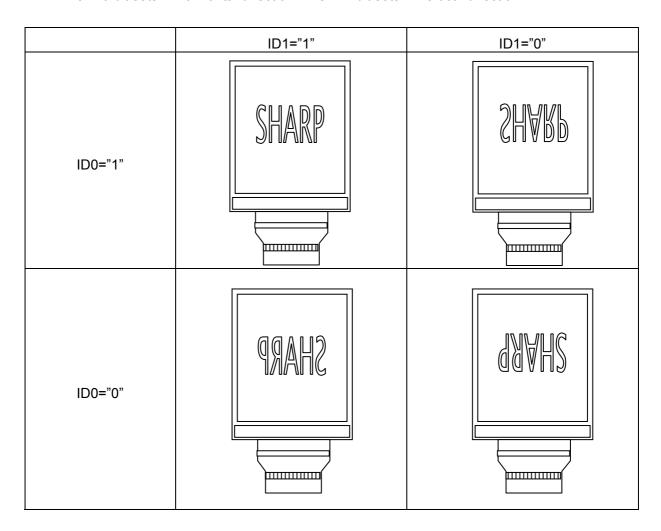


Note 6-7)

Entry mode(R003h)

W	RS	IB15	IB14	IB13	IB12	IB11	IB10	IB9	IB8	IB7	IB6	IB5	IB4	IB3	IB2	IB1	IB0	
W	1	0	DFM	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	ID1	ID0	0	0	0	0	ı
PC	DR	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	l

ID: Selects the output shift direction of the source driver and gate driver The ID0 bit sets in horizontal direction. The ID1 bit sets in vertical direction.



DFM: When it is used by system interface mode, 18 bits or 16 bits modes are selected. When DFM="0", 18bits modes. When DFM="1", 16bits mode.

Note 6-8)

Display interface mode(R00Ch)

W	RS	IB15	IB14	IB13	IB12	IB11	IB10	IB9	IB8	IB7	IB6	IB5	IB4	IB3	IB2	IB1	IB0
W	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	RM	0	0	DM1	DM0	0	0	0	0
PC	DR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

RM: Selects the interface for RAM access operation.

When RM="0", system interface.

When RM="1", RGB interface mode.

DM: The DM[1:0] setting allows switching between internal clock operation mode and external display interface operation mode.

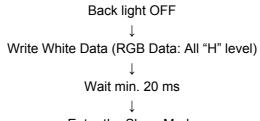
DM1	DM0	Display interface mode
0	0	18 or 16bits system interface
0	1	RGB interface
1	0	VSYNC interface
1	1	Setting inhibited

Note 6-9)

Sleep mode

W	RS	IB15	IB14	IB13	IB12	IB11	IB10	IB9	IB8	IB7	IB6	IB5	IB4	IB3	IB2	IB1	IB0
W	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Disp	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
P	OR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

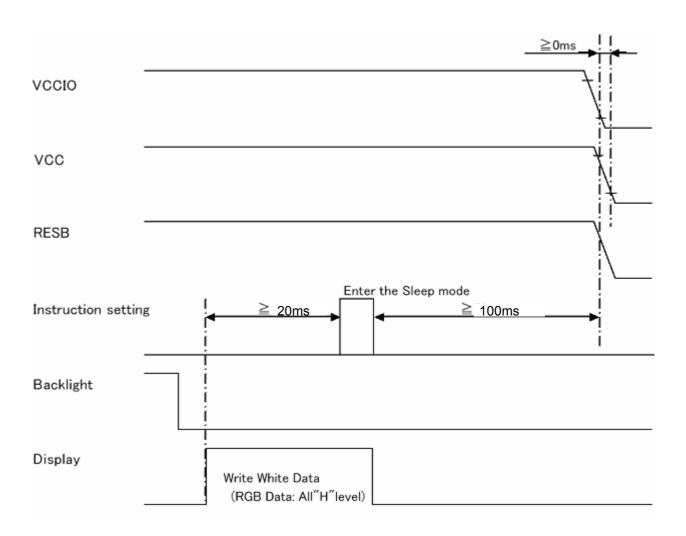
When Disp = "1", operation mode. When Disp = "0", sleep mode.



Enter the Sleep Mode

Reg. #	Register	Data	Remark
R007h	Power control 24	0000 h	
R102 h	Power control 23	A180 h	

V_{CCIO} / V_{CI} OFF

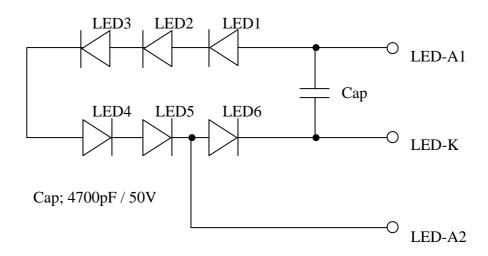


6-4. Backlight driving

The back light system has 6 pieces LED

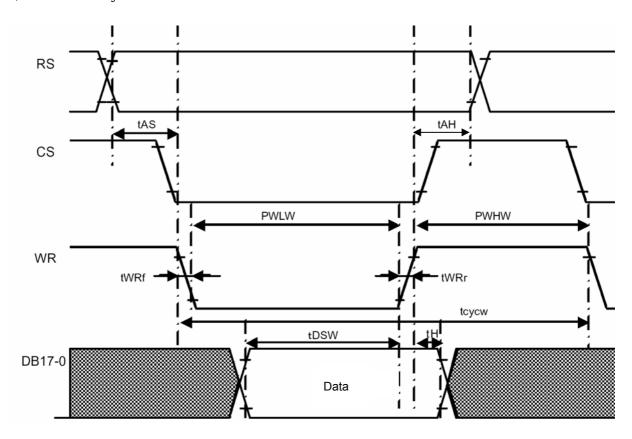
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Rated Voltage 1	$V_{BL-full}$	-	19.2	21	V	Power supply for LED of full
Rated Voltage 2	V _{BL-1pc}	-	3.2	3.5	V	Power supply for LED of 1pc
Rated Current	IL	-	20	-	mA	Ta=25°C
Power consumption 1	W L-full	-	384	-	mW	Power supply for LED of full
Power consumption 2	WL-1pc	-	64	-	mW	Power supply for LED of 1pc

[LED-FPC circuit]



7. Timing characteristics of input signals

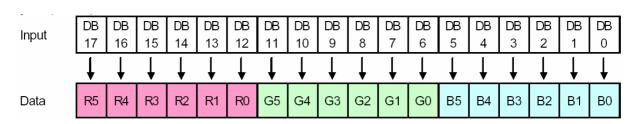
7-1) 18 or 16bits system interface or VSYNC interface mode



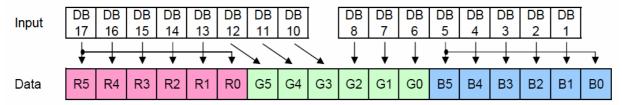
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Bus cycle time	tcycw	75	-	-	ns	
Low-level pulse width	PWLW	30	-	-	ns	
High-level pulse width	PW _{HW}	25	-	-	ns	
Rise/Fall time	tw _{Rf} / tw _R r	-	-	15	ns	
Setup time	tas	0	-	-	ns	
Address hold time	tан	2	-	-	ns	
Data setup time	tosw	25	-	-	ns	
Data hold time	tн	10	-	-	ns	

1) Data write

a) 18bit mode



b) 16bit mode



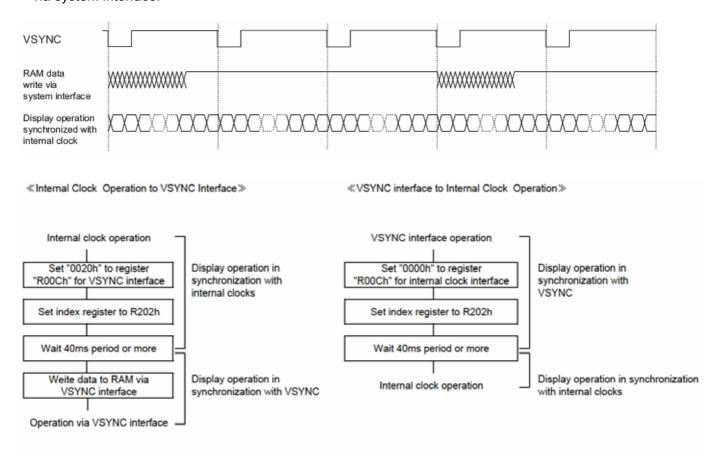
2) Moving picture data transfers via VSYNC interface

VSYNC interface mode:

※Input the VSYNC interface signals before setting

the register "R00Ch" to the VSYNC interface operation.

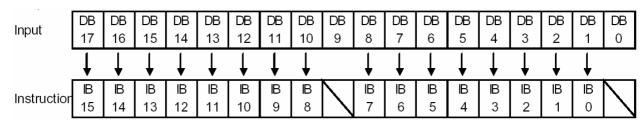
The internal display operation is synchronized with the frame synchronous signal (VSYNC) in this mode. The VSYNC interface is selected by setting Register#.R00Ch. In VSYNC interface operation, the internal display operation is synchronized with the VSYNC signal. By writing data to the internal RAM at faster than the calculated minimum speed (internal display operation speed + margin), it becomes possible to rewrite the moving picture data without flickering the display and display a moving picture via system interface.



※ Continue VSYNC interface signals at least for one frame period

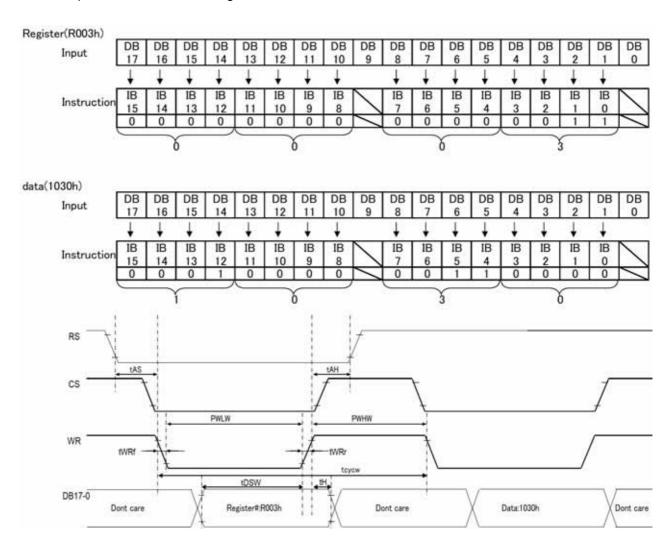
after setting the register "R00Ch" to internal clock operation.

3) Instruction write

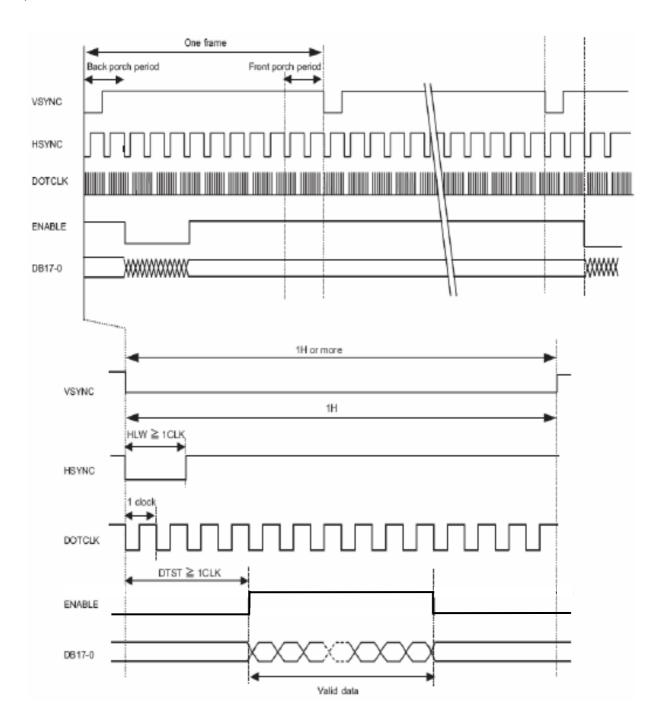


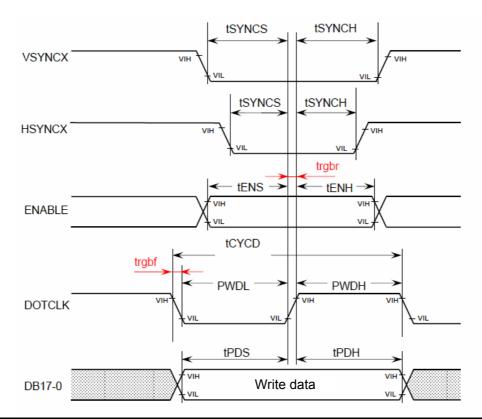
Unused DB pins must be fixed at "VCCIO" or "GND".

The example transmit "1030h" to register R003h.



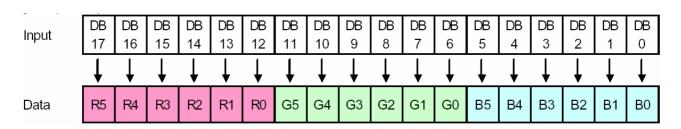
7-2) RGB interface mode





Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
VSYNCX/HSYNCX setup time	tSYNCS	30	-	-	ns	
VSYNC/HSYNC hold time	tSYNCH	30	-	-	ns	
ENABLE setup time	tENS	30	-	-	ns	
ENABLE hold time	tENH	30	-	-	ns	
DOTCLK low-level pulse width	PWDL	40	-	-	ns	
DOTCLK high –level pulse width	PWDH	40	-	-	ns	
DOTCLK cycle time	tCYCD	100	-	-	ns	
Data setup time	tPDS	40	-	-	ns	
Data hold time	tPDH	40	-	-	ns	
DOTCLK,VSYNCX,HSYNCX rise/fall time	trgbr, trgbf	-	-	15	ns	

1) Data write



Wait 40ms period or more

Weite data to RAM via
RGB interface

Operation via RGB interface

Display operation in synchronization with VSYNC, HSYNC, and DOTCLK

Set "0000h" to register
"R00Ch" for internal clock interface

Set index register to R202h

Wait 40ms period or more

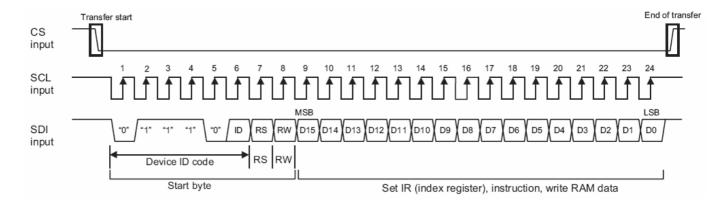
Internal clock operation

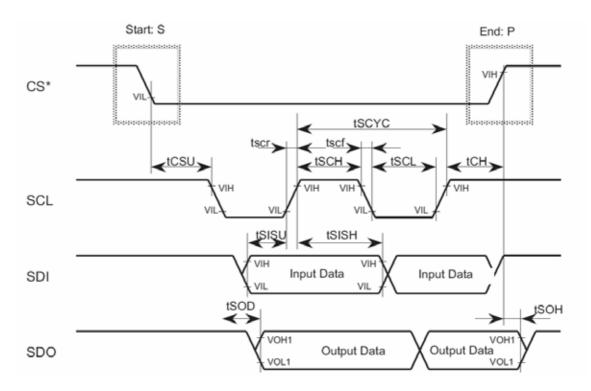
Display operation in synchronization with VSYNC, HSYNC, and DOTCLK

Display operation in synchronization with internal clocks

%Input the RGB interface signals before setting the register "R00Ch" to the RGB interface operation. Continue RGB interface signals at least for one frame period
 after setting the register "R00Ch" to internal clock operation.

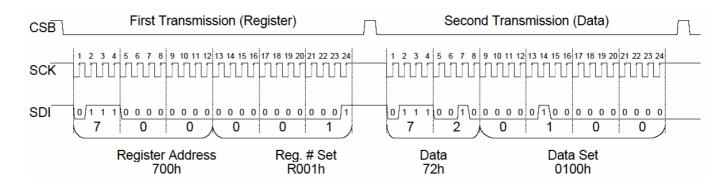
2) Instruction write



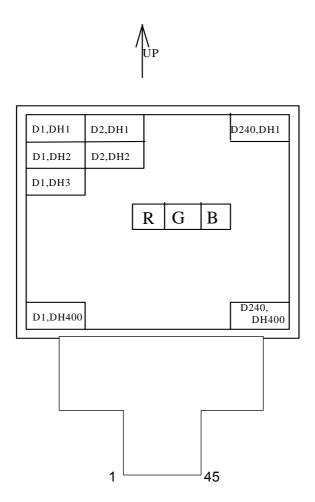


Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Serial clock cycle time	Tscyc	100	-	-	ns	
Serial clock high-level width	Тѕсн	40	-	-	ns	
Serial clock low-level width	tscL	40	-	-	ns	
Serial clock rise/fall time	Tscr,tscf	-	-	15	ns	
Chip select setup time	Tcsu	20	-	-	ns	
Chip select hold time	tсн	60	-	-	ns	
Serial input data setup time	tsısu	30	-	-	ns	
Serial input data hold time	tsıн	30	-	-	ns	
Serial output data delay time	tsoD	-	-	130	ns	
Serial output data hold time	tsон	0	-	-	ns	

The example transmit "0100h" to register "R001h".



7-1. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen



8. Input Signals, Basic Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

0. 11	Colors &	ais, bas	lls, Basic Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color Date signal																	
								D.C	D:	D.5										
	Gray	Gray	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5
	Scale	Scale	LSB					MSB	LSB			Ī		MSB	LSB	Ī	1	ı		MSB
	Black	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ве	Green	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
ISIC (Cyan	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Color	Red	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
٦	Magenta	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	仓	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scal	仓	V			1	l					`	L					`	V		
le of	Û	V			\	l					`	l .					,	V		
Rec	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
٦	Û	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ð	Û	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Sc	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scal	仓	+			7	l					`	L					,	V		
e of	Û	\			1	l					`	L					,	V		
ale of Green	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
en	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	仓	\			1	l					`	l	•				,	V	•	
le o	Û	V			1	ı					`	L					,	V		
f Blu	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
ie	₽	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
											Λ. Ι	ow I	0.40			4. 11	l Saula III		- 11 -	

0: Low level voltage, 1: High level voltage

9. Optical Characteristics

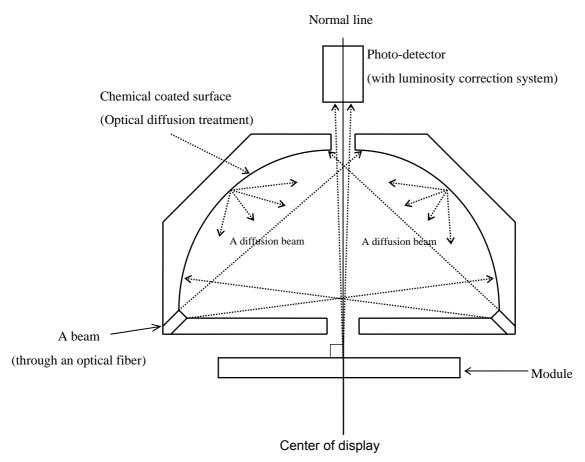
9-1)Not driving the Back light condition

Ta:	=25	Vccio=	=+1.8V,	Vcc=3.0V

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Viewing ar	ngle	θ21,22		50	80	-	degree	【Note 9-1,5】
Range		θ11	CR≥2	50	80	-	degree	
		θ12		50	80	-	degree	
Contrast ra	atio	CRmax	θ =0°	7	15	-	-	【Note 9-2,4,5】
Response	Rise	τr		-	30	50	ms	【Note 9-3】
Time	Fall	τd	2.20	ı	30	50	ms	
White chromaticity		Х	θ =0°	0.26	0.31	0.36	-	【Note 9-4,5】
		Υ		0.29	0.34	0.39	-	
Reflect	ion ratio	R	θ =0°	7	10	_	%	【Note 9-6,7】

^{*} The measuring method of the optical characteristics is shown by the following figure.

^{*} A measurement device is luminance meter Conoscope.(With the diffusion reflection unit.)



Measuring method (a) for optical characteristics

Ta=25	1/2010	1 0\	/ \/	-2 ∩	١,
12=25	V CCIO	=+ 8\	/ Vcc	=.3 U	w

								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Paran	neter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing	Horizonta	Θ21		45	60	-	deg.	
angle range	I	Θ22		40	50	-	deg.	[Nata 0 4 5]
(Without	Vertical	Θ11	CR≥2	50	65	-	deg.	[Note9-1,5]
Wide View)	Vertical	Θ12		40	50	-	deg.	
Contras	t ratio CR		Optimum viewing angle	60	100	-	1	[Note9-2,5]
Response	Rise	Tr	0.00	-	30	50	ms	[Nata 0 0 5]
Time	Decay	Td	θ=0°	-	30	50	ms	[Note9-3,5]
Chroma	ticity of	Х		0.26	0.31	0.36	-	D
Wh	ite	Υ		0.29	0.34	0.39	-	[Note9-5]
Luminance	e of white	L		100	150	-	cd/m²	ILED=20mA [Note9-5]

^{*} The optical characteristics measurements are operated under a stable luminescence (ILED = 20mA) and a dark condition. (Refer to Fig.9-1, 9-2)

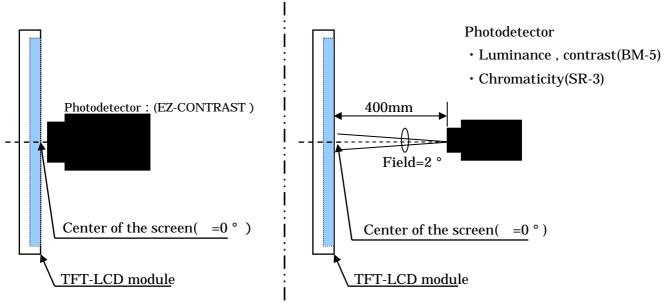
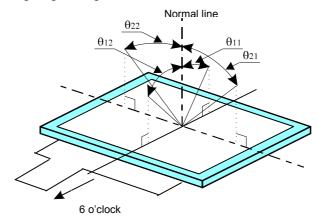


Fig.9-1 Viewing angle range/Response time

measurement method

Fig9-2 Luminance/Contrast/Chromaticity measurement method

[Note9-1] Definitions of viewing angle range



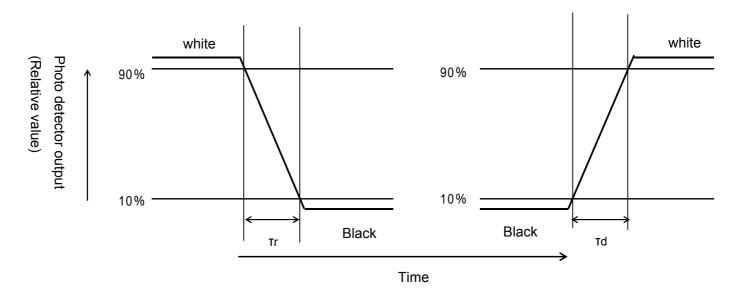
[Note9-2] Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is defined as the following

Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

[Note9-3] Definition of response time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white"



[Note9-4] A measurement device is Minolta CM-2002

[Note9-5] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note9-6]Definition of reflection ratio

Reflection ratio = Light detected level of the reflection by the LCD module

Light detected level of the reflection by the standard white board

[Note 9-7]A measurement device is Minolta CM-2002.

10. Handling of modules

- 10-1. Inserting the FPC into its connector and pulling it out.
 - 1) Be sure to turn off the power supply and the signals when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
 - 2) Please insert for too much stress not to join FPC in the case of insertion of FPC.

10-2. About handling of FPC

- 1) The bending radius of the FPC should be more than R0.6 mm, and it should be bent evenly.
- 2) Do not dangle the LCD module by holding the FPC, or do not give any stress to it.

10-3. Mounting of the module

- 1) The module should be held on to the plain surface. Do not give any warping or twisting stress to the module.
- 2) Please consider that GND can ground a modular metal portion etc. so that static electricity is not charged to a module.

10-4. Cautions in assembly / Handling pre cautions.

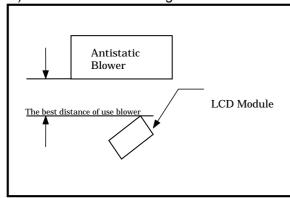
As the polarizer can be easily scratched, be most careful in handling it.

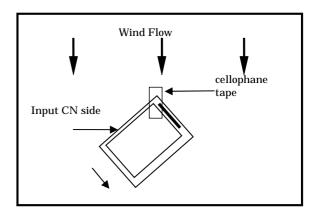
1) Work Environment

Since removing laminator may causes electrostatic charge that tends to attract dust, the following work environment would be desired.

- a) Floor: Conductive treatment having $1M\Omega$ resistance onto floor's tile
- b) The room free from dust coming from outdoor environment, and put an adhesive mat at entrances.
- c) Humidity from 50% to 70% and temperature from 15°C to 27°C are desirable.
- d) Worker should ware conductive shoes, conductive fatigue, conductive glove and earth wrist band.

2) Instruction for working





- a) Wind direction of an antistatic blower should slightly downward to properly blow the module.
 The distance between the blower and the module should
 be the best distance of use blower. Also, pay attention to the direction of the module.
- b) To prevent polarizer from scratching, adhesive tape (cellophane tape) should be stuck at the part of laminator sheet, which is closed to blower. [See the above]
- c) Pull slowly adhesive tape to peel the laminator off, with spending more than 5 second.
- d) The module without laminator should be moved to the next process to prevent

adhesion of dust.

e) How to eliminate dust on polarizer.

Blow dust away by N₂ blower having measures of electrostatics

Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, wiping dust off is not adequate.

If the polarizer is soiled, it is suggested to peel dust off by using adhesive surface of adhesive tape.

- 3) How the remove dust on the polarizer
 - a) Blow out dust by the use of an N2 blower with antistatic measures taken. Use of an ionized air Gun is recommendable.
 - b) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with soft cloth.
- 4) In the case of the module's metal part (shield case) is stained, wipe it with a piece of dry, soft cloth. If rather difficult, give a breath on the metal part to clean better.
- 5) If water dropped, etc. remains stuck on the polarizer for a long time, it is apt to get discolored or cause stains. Wipe it immediately.
- 6) As a glass substrate is used for the TFT-LCD panel, if it is dropped on the floor or hit by something hard, it may be broken or chipped off.
- 7) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.

10-5. Others

1) Regarding storage of LCD modules, avoid storing them at direct sunlight-situation.

You are requested to store under the following conditions:

(Environmental conditions of temperature/humidity for storage)

- a) Temperature: 0 to 40°C
- b) Relative humidity: 95% or less
- As average values of environments (temperature and humidity) for storing, use the following control guidelines:

Summer season: 20 to 35°C, 85% or less Winter season: 5 to 15°C, 85% or less

- If stored under the conditions of 40°C and 95% RH, cumulative time of storage must be less than 240 hours
- 2) If stored at temperatures below the rated values, the inner liquid crystal may freeze, causing cell destruction. At temperatures exceeding the rated values for storage, the liquid crystal may become isotropic liquid, making it no longer possible to come back to its original state in some cases.
- 3) If the LCD is broken, do not drink liquid crystal in the mouth. If the liquid crystal adheres to a hand or foot or to clothes, immediately cleanse it with soap.
- 4) If a water drop or dust adheres to the polarizer, it is apt to cause deterioration. Wipe it immediately.
- 5) Be sure to observe other caution items for ordinary electronic parts and components.
- 6) Don't use or store the module in corrosive gas environment.
- 7) When the liquid crystal display is seen wearing a polarizing sunglasses, It darkens and distort by the angle.

11. Reliability test items

	liability test items	·
No.	Test item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta = 80°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta = -30°C 240h
3	High temperature	Ta = 40°C; 95%RH 240h
3	& high humidity operation test	*No condensation
4	High temperature operation test	Tp = 70°C 240h
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta = -10°C 240h
6	Thermal shock test	Ta=-10°C to 70°C /10 cycles
0	memiai shock test	(30 min) (30min)
	Electro static discharge test	± 200V/200pF(0Ω) to Terminals(Contact)
7	Electro static discharge test	*1 time for each terminals
		Frequency range: 10Hz ~ 55Hz
	\(\langle\)	Stroke: 1.5 mm Sweep: 10Hz ~ 55Hz
8	Vibration test	·
		X,Y,Z 2 hours for each direction (total 6 hours) (JIS C0040,A-10 Condition A)
	Shock test	980 m/s ² , 6 ms
9	SHOCK LEST	±X,±Y,±Z 3 times for each direction
		(JIS C0041, A-7 Condition C)

^{*}Note Ta = Ambient temperature, Tp = Panel temperature

[Check items]

Test No.1 to No.7

In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problems that may affect the display function.

12. Display Grade

The standard regarding the grade of color LCD displaying modules should be based on the delivery inspection standard.

13. Delivery Form

13-1. Carton storage conditions

1) Carton piling-up: Max 8 rows

2) Environments

Temperature: 0 ~ 40°C

Humidity: 65% RH or less (at 40°C)

There should be no dew condensation even at a low temperature and high humidity.

Period: Approximately 3 month

3) Packing form: As shown in Figure.

*Cartons are weak against damp, and they are apt to be smashed easily due to the compressive pressure applied when piled up. The above environmental conditions of temperature and humidity are set in consideration of reasonable pile-up for storage.

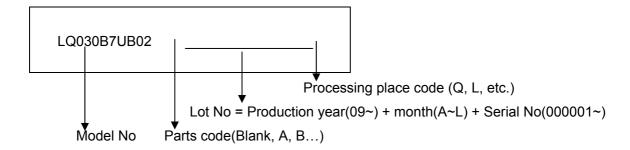
13-2. Packing composition

Name	quantity	Note
Carton size	1	525×360×225 (mm)
Tray	22	Material: Electrification prevention polypropylene
(The number of Module)	320	16 unit/tray: 320 unit/carton
Electrification prevention bag	2	Material: Electrification prevention polyethylene

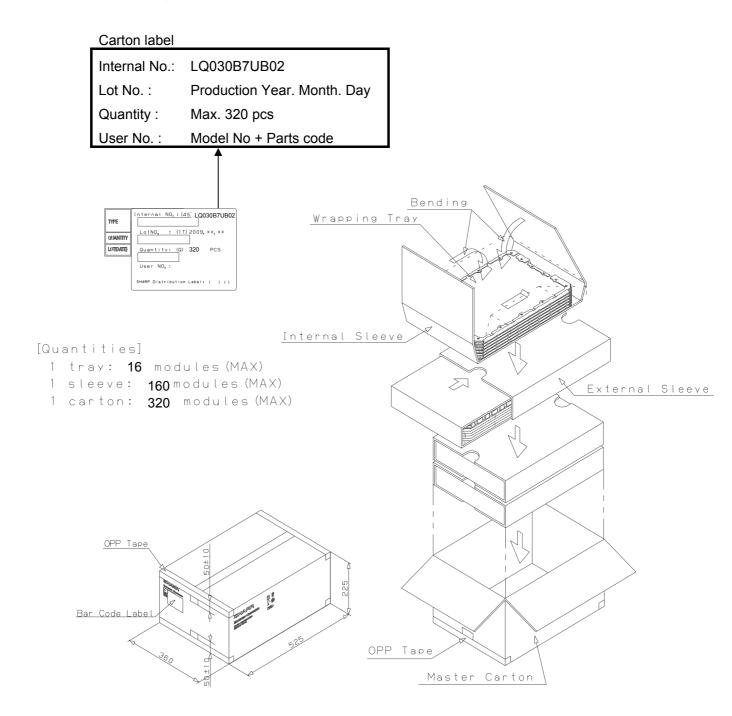
Carton weight (320 modules): Approx. 13.0 kg

14. Lot No. marking

The lot No. will be indicated on individual inkjet. The location is as shown



15. LCD module packing carton



16. Others

- 1) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and you should be strictly avoided.
- 2) Please be careful that you don't keep the screen displayed fixed pattern image for a long time, since retention may occur.
- 3) If you pressed down a liquid crystal display screen with your finger and so on, the alignment disorder of liquid crystal will occur. And then It will become display fault.
 - Therefore, be careful not to touch the screen directly, and to consider not stressing to it.
- 4) If any problem arises regarding the items mentioned in this specification sheet or otherwise, it should be discussed and settled mutually in a good faith for remedy and/or improvement.

17. Outline Dimensions

