PREPARED BY:	DATE	SHARP	SPEC No. LCY-00044A FILE No.
APPROVED BY:	DATE		ISSUE: Apr. 14. 2000
			PAGE: 21 pages
		LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP SHARP CORPORATION SPECIFICATION	APPLICABLE GROUP LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP
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PRESENTED

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SHARP CORPORATION

TFT LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP

CUSTOMER'S APPROVA

DATE

BY

RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No:LQ038Q5DR01

SPEC No :LCY-00044

	NO.	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE
2000. 4.14		-	-	1st Issue
2001. 6. 6	A	1	NOTICE [Addition]	
			Lamp in the devices contain amount of	
		4	mercury	
			[Note5-2] [Change]	
			$Ta \leq 65^{\circ}C \rightarrow Ta \leq 60^{\circ}C$	
		6	Backligt driving section [Addition]	
			Caution of Lamp voltage and current	
			wave form	
		11	[Note9-7] [Deletion]	
			Caution of Lamp voltage and current	
			wave form	
		16	Table 14 No.5 [Change]	
			Test condition Tp= -30° C \rightarrow Ta= -30° C	
			 	
			 	

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(1) Application

This specification literature applies to color TFT-LCD module, LQ038Q5DR01.

(2) Summary and Features

- •This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor).
- ·It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control-PWB, FPC, frame, front shielding case, back-light unit.
- ·Graphics and texts can be displayed on a $320 \times 3 \times 240$ dots panel with 262,144 colors by supplying. DC/AC inverter isn't composed.
- •The 3.8 screen produces a high resolution image that is composed of 76,800 pixel elements in a stripe arrangement.
- ·Wide viewing angle technology is employed. (The most suitable viewing angle is in the 6 o'clock direction.)
- \cdot By adopting an active matrix drive, a picture with high contrast is realized.
- ·Through the use of TN-normally white mode, an image with highly natural color image is realized.
- ·It is used the Low-reflection (LR) and an antiglare (AG) surface polarization plate.
- ·An inverted video display in the vertical and horizontal directions is possible.

(3) Mechanical specifications

table 3-1

Parameter	Specifications	Units	Remarks
Display format	76,800	pixels	
	$320(W) \times RGB \times 240(H)$	dots	
Active area	$78.72(W) \times 53.64(H)$	mm	
Screen size (Diagonal)	9.6 [3.8"]	cm	
Dot pitch	$0.082(W) \times 0.2235(H)$	mm	
Pixel configuration	R,G,B Stripe configuration		
Outline dimension	$117.6 \times 69.45 \times 13.45$	mm	[Note3-1]
Mass	$125\!\pm\!10$	g	
Surface treatment	AG+LR		

[Note 3-1]

Typical values are given. For detailed measurements and tolerances, please refer to Fig. 1.

(4) Input terminal

4-1) TFT-LCD panel driving part

*****:2,3,•···

Table 4-1

CN1 [Note4-6]

CNI		Note4-6]	
Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Remarks
1	GND	ground	
2	VCC	Power supply voltage	
3	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal	[Note4-1]
4	G 3	GREEN data signal	
5	Τ 0	thermistor output1	
6	G 4	GREEN data signal	
7	T 1	thermistor output2	
8	G 5	GREEN data signal(MSB)	
9	HVR	Selection for horizontal and vertical scanning direction	[Note4-3]
1 0	GND	ground	
1 1	GND	ground	
1 2	В 0	BLUE data signal(LSB)	
1 3	CLK	Clock signal for sampling each data signal	
1 4	В 1	BLUE data signal	
1 5	GND	ground	
1 6	В 2	BLUE data signal	
1 7	R 0	RED data signal(LSB)	
1 8	GND	ground	
1 9	R 1	RED data signal	
2 0	В 3	BLUE data signal	
2 1	R 2	RED data signal	
2 2	В 4	BLUE data signal	
2 3	GND	ground	
2 4	В 5	BLUE data signal(MSB)	
2 5	R 3	RED data signal	
2 6	GND	ground	
2 7	R 4	RED data signal	
2 8	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal	[Note4-1]
2 9	R 5	RED data signal(MSB)	
3 0	TEST	Open use only	
3 1	GND	Ground	
3 2	TEST	Open use only	
3 3	G 0	GREEN data signal(LSB)	
3 4	TEST	Open use only	
3 5	G 1	GREEN data signal	
3 6	TEST	Open use only	
3 7	G 2	GREEN data signal	
3 8	ENAB	Signal to settle the horizontal display position	[Note4-2]
3 9	VCC	Power supply voltage	
4 0	GND	ground	
	i		

[Note 4-1]

Hsync	positive
Vsync	positive

[Note 4-2]

The horizontal display start timing is settled in accordance with a rising timing of ENAB signal. In case ENAB is fixed "Low", the horizontal start timing is determined as described in Fig3-A.

(Don't keep ENAB "High" during operation.(Fig3-B).)

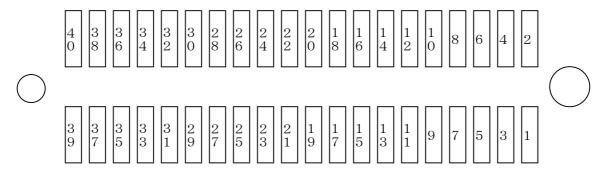
[Note 4-3]

HVR = "Low" : Regular video

HVR = "High": Horizontally and Vertically inverted video

[Note 4-4]

The position of pin number



4-2) Back-light fluorescent tube driving part

Used connector:BHR-02(8.0)VS-1N(JST Co. ,Ltd) Fit connector:SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1N(JST Co. ,Ltd)

Table 4-2

No.	Symbol	i /o	Function	Color of FL cable
1	VL1	I	input terminal (High Voltage)	RED
2	VL2	I	input terminal (Low Voltage)	BLACK

Used thermistor :203GT – 1(Ishizuka electoronics Corporation)=20.0k $\Omega \pm 3$ %

(5) Absolute maximum ratings

Table 5-1

GND = 0V	G	Ν	D	=	0	V
----------	---	---	---	---	---	---

Parameter	Symbol	MIN	MAX	Unit	Note
Input voltage	$V_{\rm I}$	-0.3	VCC+0.3	V	【Note 5-1】Ta=25℃
+3.3V power supply	VCC	0	5.5	V	Ta=25℃
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40	+95	$^{\circ}$	[Note 5-2]
Operating temperature (panel surface)	Topr1	-30	+85	$^{\circ}$	[Note 5-2]
Operating temperature (Ambient temperature)	Topr2	-30	+60	$^{\circ}$ C	[Note 5-2]

[Note 5-1] CK,R0~R5,G0~G5,B0~B5,Hsync,Vsync,ENAB,HVR

[Note 5-2] Humidity:95%RH Max. at Ta≤60°C

Maximum wet-bulb temperature is less than at 58°C at Ta>60°C.

Condensation of dew must be avoided as electrical current leaks will occur, causing a

Degradation of performance specifications.

(6) Electrical characteristics

6-1) TFT-LCD panel driving section

Table 6-1

GND	_ o z	7 7	r	- 0	5 °C	
(T N I)	= 0	/ . I	a =	= 2	5 (

	Parameter	Symbol	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Remarks
+3.3V	Supply voltage	Vcc	+2.9	+3.3	+3.7	V	[Note 6-1]
	Current dissipation	I cc	_	140	180	mA	[Note 6-2,3]
Permiss	sive input ripple	$V_{ m RF}$	_	_	100	mVpp	
Input L	ow voltage	$V_{\rm IL}$	_	_	0.3VCC	V	[Note 6-4]
Input H	ligh voltage	V_{IH}	0.7VCC	_	_	V	
Input cu	urrent (Low)	$ m I_{IL}$	_	_	1.0	μ A	V _I =0V
							[Note 6-5]
Input cu	arrent (High)	${ m I}_{ m IH}$	3.0	_	75	μ A	V _I =VCC
							[Note 6-5]
Input cu	arrent (Low)	${ m I}_{ m IL}$	3.0	_	75	μ A	$V_I=0V$
							[Note 6-6]
Input cı	arrent (High)	${ m I}_{ m IH}$	_	_	1.0	μ A	V _I =VCC
							[Note 6-6]
Input cu	arrent (Low)	$ m I_{IL}$	6.0	_	150	μ A	$V_I=0V$
							[Note 6-7]
Input cu	urrent (High)	${ m I}_{ m IH}$	_	_	2.0	μ A	$V_I = VCC$
							[Note 6-7]

[Note 6-1]

On-off conditions for supply voltage

 $0 < t1 \le 10 \text{ms}$

 $0 < t2 \le 10 \text{ms}$

 $0 < t3 \le 1s$

 $t4 \ge 1s$

Vcc-dip conditions

- 1) $2.8V \le Vcc < 3.0V$ $td \le 10ms$
- Vcc<2.8V
 Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the on-off conditions.



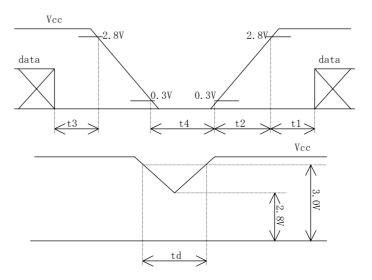
Typical current situation: Black (GS0) pattern Timing: Typical

VCC= +3.3 V

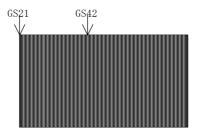
[Note 6-3] Maximum current situation: Vertical stripe pattern alternating 21 gray scale (GS21) with 42 gray scale (GS42) every 1 dot.

Timing; Typical

VCC=+3.3 V







[Note 6-4] CK,R0~R5,G0~G5,B0~B5,Hsync,Vsync,ENAB,HVR

[Note 6-5] CK,R0 \sim R5,G0 \sim G5,B0 \sim B5,Hsync,Vsync

[Note 6-6] ENAB

[Note 6-7] HVR

6-2) Backlight driving section

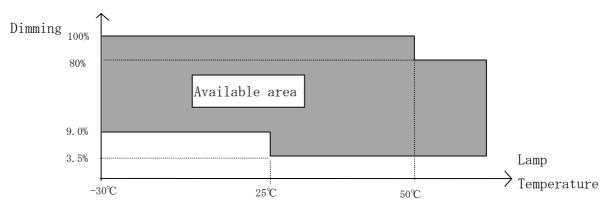
The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with single CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube). The characteristics of Lamp are shown in the following table.

Table 6-2

Parameter	Symbol	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Unit	Remarks
lamp voltage	VL7	470	530	590	Vrms	I $L = 5.5 \text{mArms}$
lamp current	ΙL	5.0	5.5	6.0	mArms	ordinary state
	ILB	_	_	9.0	mArms	PWM dimming state
						[Note 6-8]
lamp frequency	f L	30	_	60	kHz	
kick-off voltage	VS	_	_	1650	Vrms	Ta=+25°C
		_		1700	Vrms	Ta=-30°C

Inverter: HIU-288 [Harison electric co.,ltd] (Output capasitor:22pF,frequency:49kHz)

[Note 6-8] available area



^{*} Please turn on the lamp with symmetrical (negative and positive)voltage and current wave form. Don't use the unsymmetrical voltage and current wave which have spike wave.

(7) Timing Characteristics of input signals

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.3-A, Fig.3-B.

7-1) Timing characteristics

Table 7-1

Parameter		Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remarks
Clock	frequency	1/Tc	4.5	6.3	6.8	MHz	
	High time	Tch	50	_	_	ns	
	Low time	Tel	50	_	_	ns	
Data	Setup time	Tds	50	_	_	ns	
	Hold time	Tdh	50	_	_	ns	
Hsync-Clock phase difference		ТНс	50	_	120	ns	
Hsync-Vsync phase difference		TVh	0		TH-10	μ s	

Note) In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc., may be occurred.

7-2) Horizontal display position

①In case ENAB is active

The horizontal display position is determined by ENAB signal and the input data corresponding to the rising edge of ENAB signal is displayed at the left end of the active area. (shown in Fig.3-A.)

Para	symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Horizontal	Cycle	TH	50	63.5	80	μ s	
sync. signal			THe+308	400	440	clock	
	Pulse width	THp	4	12	30	clock	
Enable signal	Setup time	Tes	50	_	Tc-10	ns	
	Pulse width	Tep		320		clock	
Hsync-Enable sig	THe	14	_	72	clock		
difference							
Horizontal displa	y period	THd	320	320	320	clock	-

②In case ENAB is "Low" . (shown in Fig.3-B)

Para	symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Horizontal	Cycle	TH	56	63.5	80	μ s	
sync. signal		380	400	440	clock		
	Pulse width	THp	4	12	30	clock	
Hsync-data signa difference	al phase	THe	72	72	72	clock	
Horizontal displa	ay period	THd	320	320	320	clock	

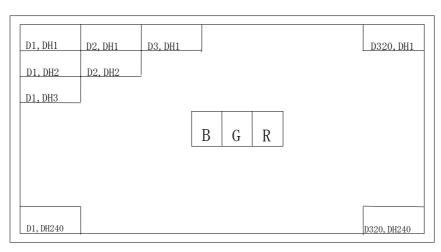
7-3) Vertical display position

Para	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remarks	
Vertical sync.	Cycle	TV	246	263	330	line	
signal	Pulse width	TVp	1	_	_	line	
Vertical display sta	TVs	6	6	6	line		
Vertical display per	riod	TVd	240	240	240	line	

ENAB signal has no relation to the vertical display position.

7-4) Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen





Display position of input data (H,V)

(8) Input Signals, Basic Display Color and Gray Scale of Each Color

Ì	Colors & Data signal																			
	Gray scale	Grav Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	В0	B1	B2	В3	B4	В5
	Black	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basi	Cyan	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic color	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
or	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	仓	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gra	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of red	⇧	\				l						l					4	,		
ale c	Û	\				l						l					4	,		
of rec	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	Û	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scal	仓	\downarrow				l						V					4	•		
Gray Scale of g	Û	\downarrow			\	l					\	\					1	,		
green	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
n	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
ray	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
70	⇧	\downarrow	V						V							4	•			
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scale of	Û.	V			\	ν <u> </u>														
Gray Scale of bleu		↓ GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
scale of bleu	Û		0	0			0	0	0	0			0	0	1 0	0			1 1	1

0:Low level voltage 1:High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the

combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

(9) Optical characteristics

Table 9-1

Ta=+25°C, VCC=+3.3V

Parameter	r	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Viewing a	ngle	Δ θ 11		60	65	_	° (degree)	[Note 9-1,4]
range		△ θ 12 CR≧5		35	40	_	° (degree)	
		$\triangle \theta 2$		60	65	_	° (degree)	
Contrast r	atio	CRmax	Optimal	100	_	_		[Note 9-2,4]
Response	Rise	τr	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	_	30	60	ms	[Note 9-3,4]
time	Fall	τd		_	50	100	ms	
Luminance		Y	IL=5.5mArms	350	450	_	cd/m ²	[Note 9-5]
White chromaticity		X	IL=5.5mArms	0.263	0.313	0.363		
		у	IL=5.5mArms	0.279	0.329	0.379		
lamp life	+25°C	-	continuation	20,000	_	_	hour	[Note 9-6]
time	-30℃	-	intermission	2,000	_	_	time	[Note 9-7]

DC/AC inverter for external connection shown in following.

Inverter: HIU-288 [Harison electric co.,ltd] (Output capasitor:22pF,frequency:49kHz)

□ measuring after operating during 30minutes.

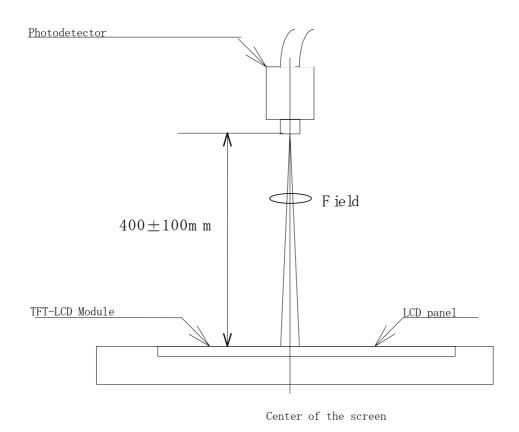
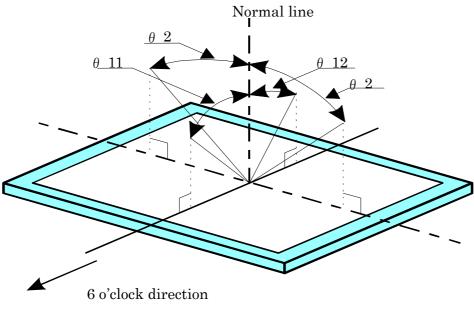


Fig.9-1 Optical characteristics measurement method

[Note 9-1] Viewing angle range is defined as follows.



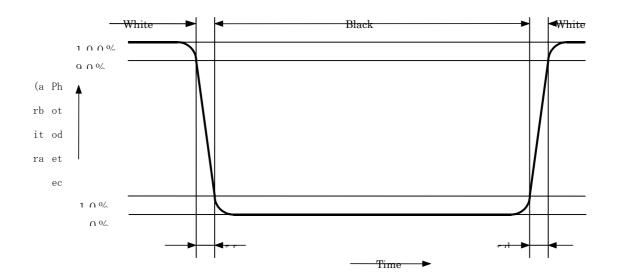
definition for viewing angle

[Note 9-2] Contrast ratio is defined as follows:

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} Photo detector output with LCD being "white"} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$ Contrast ratio(CR)=

Photo detector output with LCD being "black"

[Note 9-3] Response time is obtained by measuring the transition time of photo detector output, when input signals are applied so as to make the area "black" to and from "white".



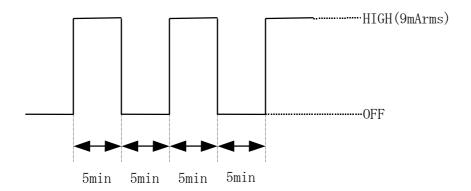
- [Note 9-4] Measured on the center area of the panel at a viewing cone 2° (= Filed) by TOPCON luminance meter BM-5A or ELDIM luminance meter EZ Contrast. (After 30 minutes operation)

 DC/AC inverter driving frequency:(49 kHz)
- [Note 9-5] Measured on the center area of the panel at a viewing cone 1° (= Filed) by TOPCON luminance meter BM-7.(After 30 minutes operation)

 DC/AC inverter driving frequency:(49 kHz)
- [Note 9-6] Lamp life time is defined as the time when either or occurs in the continuous operation under the condition of lamp current IL=5.5mArms

 Brightness not to become under 50% of the original value.
- [Note 9-7] The intermittent cycles is defined as a time when brightness not to become under 50% of the original value under the condition of following cycle.

Ambient temperature:-30°C



(10) Mechanical characteristics

10-1) External appearance

Do not exist extreme defects. (See Fig. 1)

10-2) Panel toughness

The panel shall not be broken ,when 19N is pressed on the center of the panel by a smooth sphere having 15 mm diameter.

Caution: In spite of very soft toughness, if, in the long-term, add pressure on the active area, it is possible to occur the functional damage.

10-3) Input/output connector performance

I/O connector of backlight driving circuit [JST]

Lump connector

Symbol	Used Connector	Corresponding connector
CN	BHR-02(8.0)VS-1N	SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1N(assembled on PWB)
A, B		SM02(8.0)B-BHS-TB(assembled on PWB)
		BHMR-03V (interconnecter)

(11) Display quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standards for TFT-LCD.

(12) Handling instructions

12-1) Mounting of module

The TFT-LCD module is designed to be mounted on equipment using the mounting tabs in the four corners of the module at the rear side.

On mounting the module, as the M2.6 tapping screw fastening torque is 0.3 through 0.5N·m is recommended, be sure to fix the module on the same plane, taking care not to wrap or twist the module.

Don't reach the pressure of touch-switches of the set side to a module directly, because images may be disturbed.

Please power off the module when you connect the input/output connector.

Please connect the metallic shielding cases of the module and the ground pattern of the inverter circuit surely. If that connection is not perfect, there may be a possibility that the following problems happen.

- a). The noise from the backlight unit will increase.
- b). The output from inverter circuit will be unstable. Then, there may be a possibility that some problems happen.
- c). In some cases, a part of module will heat.

12-2) Precautions in mounting

Polarizer which is made of soft material and susceptible to flaw must be handled carefully. Protective film (Laminator) is applied on the surface to protect it against scratches and dirties. It is recommended to peel off the laminator immediately before the use, taking care of static electricity.

Precautions in peeling off the laminator

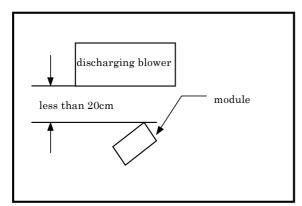
A) Working environment

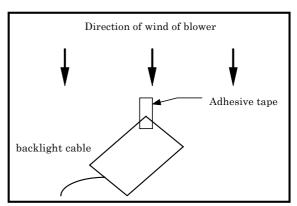
When the laminator is peeled off, static electricity may cause dust to stick to the polarizer surface. To avoid this, the following working environment is desirable.

- a) Floor: Conductive treatment of $1M\Omega$ or more on the tile (conductive mat or conductive paint on the tile)
- b) Clean room free form dust and with an adhesive mat on the doorway
- c) Advisable humidity: $50\% \sim 70\%$ Advisable temperature: $15\% \sim 27\%$
- d) Workers shall wear conductive shoes, conductive work clothes, conductive gloves and an earth band.

B) Working procedures

- a) Direct the wind of discharging blower somewhat downward to ensure that module is blown sufficiently. Keep the distance between module and discharging blower within 20 cm.
- b) Attach adhesive tape to the laminator part near discharging blower so as to protect polarizer against flaw.
- c) Peel off laminator, pulling adhesive tape slowly to your side taking 5 or more second.
- d)On peeling off the laminator, pass the module to the next work process to prevent the module to get dust.
- e) Method of removing dust from polarizer
- · Blow off dust with N2 blower for which static electricity preventive measure has been taken.
- · Since polarizer is vulnerable, wiping should be avoided.





But when the panel has stain or grease, we recommend to use adhesive tape to softly remove them from the panel.

When metal part of the TFT-LCD module (shielding lid and rear case) is soiled, wipe it with soft dry cloth. For stubborn dirties, wipe the part, breathing on it. Wipe off water drop or finger grease immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots. TFT-LCD module uses glass which breaks or cracks easily if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care. Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and earth your body when handling.

12-3) Precautions in adjusting module

Adjusting volumes on the rear face of the module have been set optimally before shipment. Therefore, do not change any adjusted values. If adjusted values are changed, the specifications described here may not be satisfied.

12-4) Caution of product design

The LCD module shall be protected against water salt-water by the waterproof cover. Please take measures to interferential radiation from module, to do not interfere surrounding appliances.

12-5) Others

Do not expose the module to direct sunlight or intensive ultraviolet rays for many hours; liquid crystal is deteriorated by ultraviolet rays. Store the module at a temperature near the room temperature. At lower than the rated storage temperature, liquid crystal solidifies, causing the panel to be damaged. At higher than the rated storage temperature, liquid crystal turns into isotropic liquid and may not recover. The voltage of beginning electric discharge may over the normal voltage because of leakage current from approach conductor by to draw lump read lead line around. If LCD panel breaks, there may be a possibility that the liquid crystal escapes from the panel. Since the liquid crystal is injurious, do not put it into the eyes or mouth. When liquid crystal sticks to hands, feet or clothes, wash it out immediately with soap. Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling general electronic components.

(13) Packing form (shown in Fig.5.)

Piling number of cartons : MAX 10
Package quantity in one carton : 50 pcs

Carton size $3483 \text{ (W)} \times 166 \text{ (H)} \times 314 \text{ (D)} \text{ mm}$

Total mass of one carton filled with full modules : 7.7kg

Conditions for storage.

Environment

①Temperature $0\sim40^{\circ}$ C

②Humidity : 60%RH or less (at 40%)

No dew condensation at low temperature and high humidity.

③Atmosphere : Harmful gas, such as acid or alkali which bites electronic

components and/or wires, must not be detected.

④Period : about 3 months

⑤Opening of the package : In order to prevent the LCD module from breakdown by

electrostatic charges, please control the room humidity over 50%RH and open the package taking sufficient countermeasures against electrostatic charges, such as

earth, etc.

(14) Reliability test

Reliability test conditions for the TFT-LCD module are shown in Table 14.

(15) Others

Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.

Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.

Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.

15-1) Indication of lot number

①Attached location of the label : See Fig. 1

2 Indicated contents of the

LQ038Q5DR01	0000000
model No.	lot No.

contents of lot No. the 1st figure · · production year (ex. 2000:0)

the 2nd figure $\,\,\cdots\,\,$ production month $\,\,$ 1,2,3, $\,\,\cdots\,\,$,9,X,Y,Z

the 3rd \sim 8th figure \cdots serial No. 000001 \sim the 9th figure \cdots revision marks $A,B,C\cdots$

Reliability Test Conditions for TFT-LCD Module

Table 14

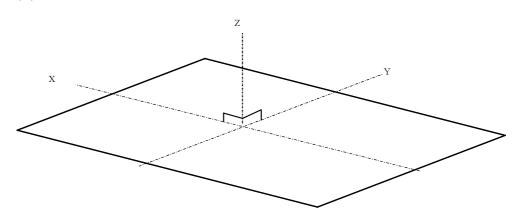
Remark) Temperature condition is based on operating temperature conditions on (5)-Table 5-1.

0111011	in, remperature communities sasca on	operating temperature conditions on (9) rable 9 1:
No.	Test items	Test conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= +95°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-40°C 240h
3	High temperature and high humidity operating test	Tp=+60°C , 95%RH 240h
4	High temperature operating test	Tp= +85℃ 240h
5	Low temperature operating test	Ta= −30°C 240h
6	Electro static discharge test	$\pm 200 \text{V} \cdot 200 \text{pF}(0 \Omega)$ 1 time for each terminals
7	Shock test	980m/s ² · 6ms, $\pm X$; $\pm Y$; $\pm Z$ 3 times for each direction (JIS C0041, A-7 Condition C)
8	Vibration test	Frequency range: 8~33.3Hz Stroke: 1.3mm Sweep: 33.3Hz~400Hz Acceleration: 28.4m/s² Cycle: 15 minutes X,Z 2 hours for each directions, 4 hours for Y direction (total 8 hours) 【caution】(JIS D1601)
9	Heat shock test	Ta= -40° C $\sim +95^{\circ}$ C / 200 cycles (0.5h) (0.5h)

[Note] Ta= Ambient temperature, Tp= Panel temperature

[Check items] In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problems that may affect—the display function.

[caution] X,Y,Z directions are shown as follows:



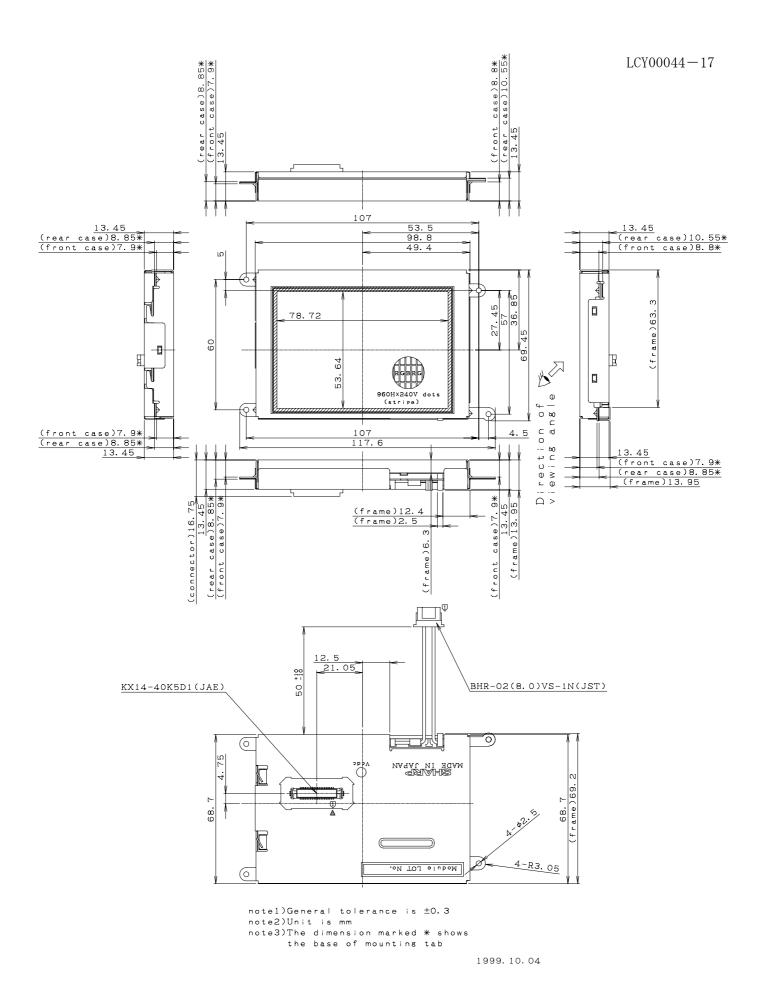


Fig.1. Outline Dimensions

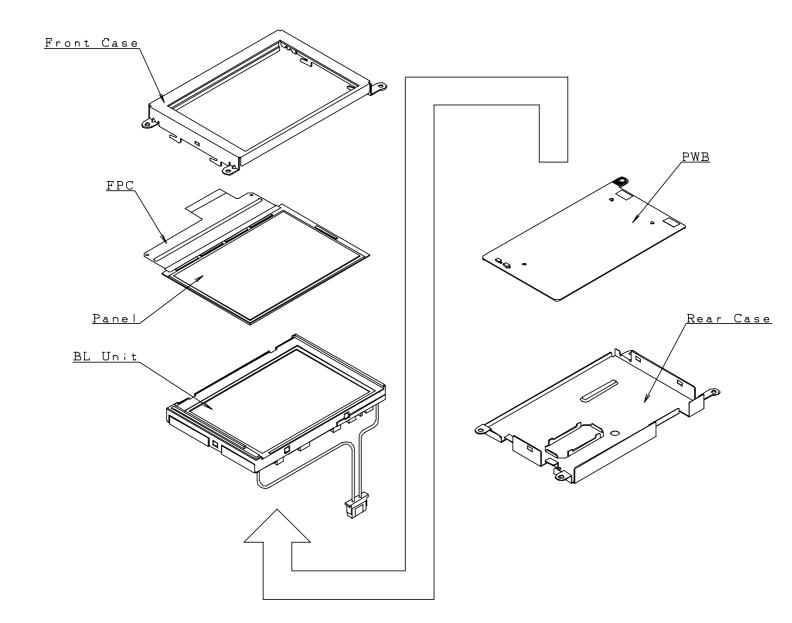


Fig.2. Structure of the module

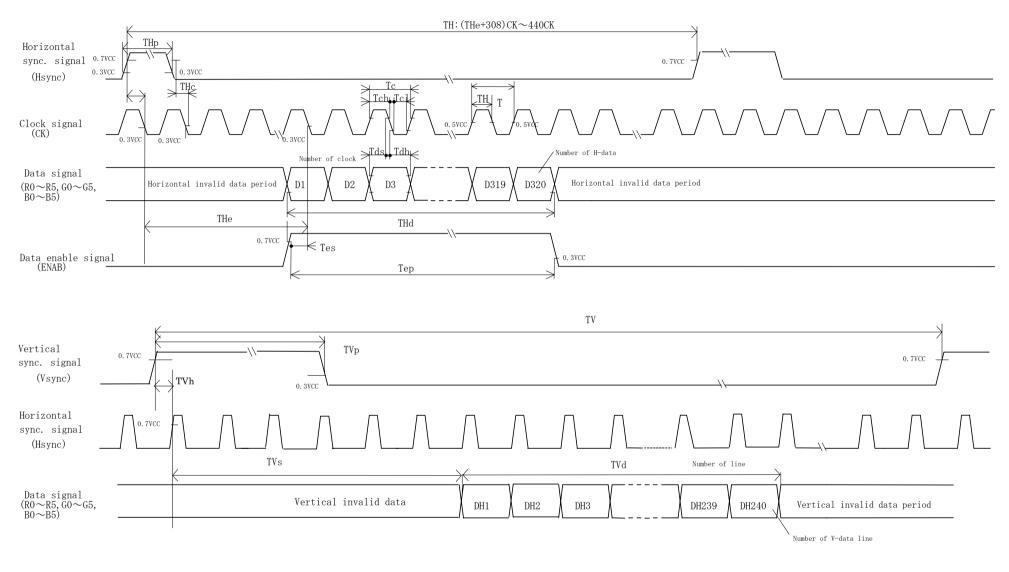
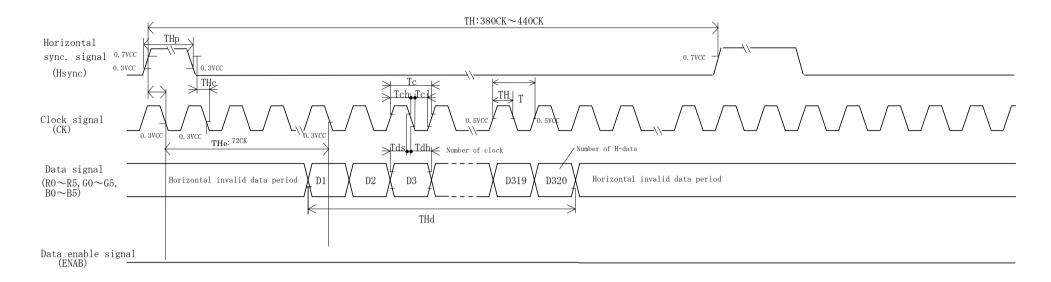


Fig.3-A Input signal waveform



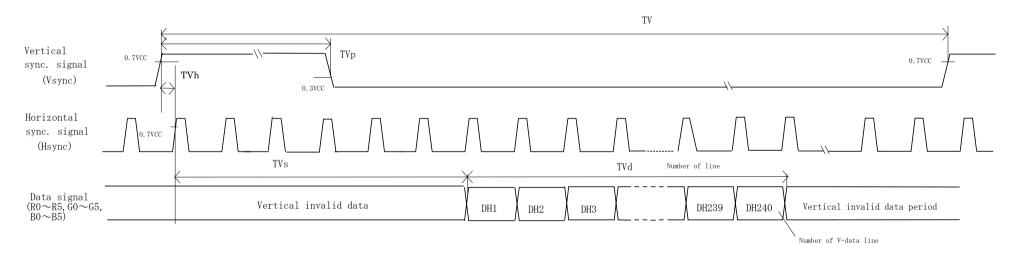


Fig.3-B Input signal waveform

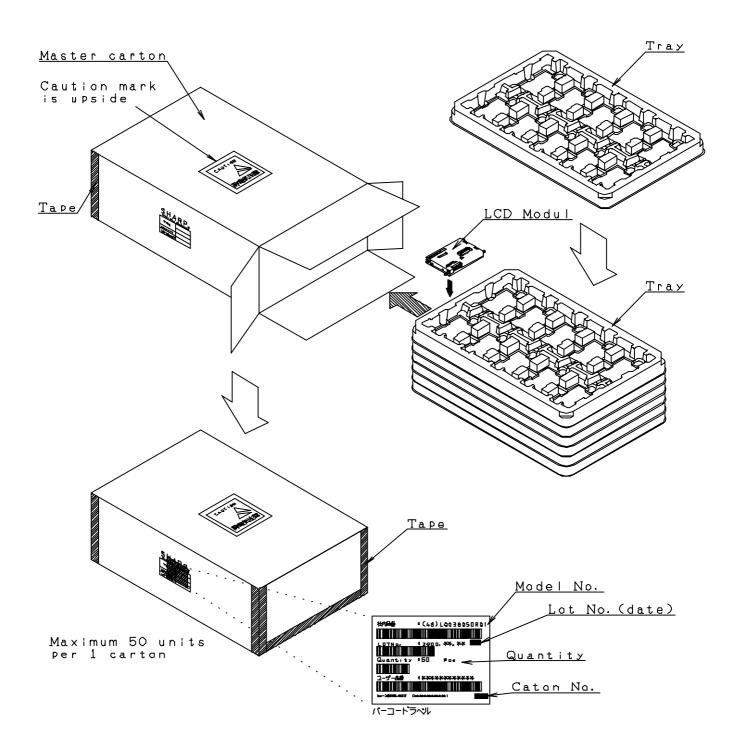


Fig.4.Packing form