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APPLICABLE GROUP

SHARP CORPORATION

SPECIFICATION

MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP

SHARP CORPORATION

SPECIFICATION

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

# TFT-LCD Module MODEL No. LQ104S1LG61

# These parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

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SHARP CORPORATION

# RECORDS OF REVISION

# LQ104S1LG61

SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED	SUMMARY		NOTE
		No.	PAGE		
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#### 1. Application

This specifications applies to color TFT-LCD module, LQ104S1LG61

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Contact and consult with a SHARP sales representative for any questions about this device.

# 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit and power supply circuit and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a  $800\times3\times600$  dots panel with 262,144 colors by using LVDS(Low Voltage Differential Signaling)system for interface and supplying +3.3V/5.0V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.

The TFT-LCD panel used for this module is a low-reflection and higher-color-saturation type.

Therefore, this module is also suitable for the multimedia use

This module is super-high brightness (420cd/m<sup>2</sup>) and high contrast (600:1).

This module is the type of wide viewingangle the viewing angle is 6 o'clock direction.

Backlight-driving DC/AC inverter is not built in this module.

# 3. Outline specification.

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	26 (10.4") Diagonal	cm
Active area	211.2(H)×158.4(V)	mm
Pixel format	800(H)×600(V)	pixel
	(1 pixel=R+G+B dots)	-
Number of colors	262, 144 colors	
(Number of gray scale level)	(64 gray scales per color)	
Pixel pitch	0.264(H)×0.264(V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	-
Display mode	Normally white	-
Unit outline dimensions *1	246.5(W)×179.4(H)×Max.13.7 (D)	mm
Mass	Max.620	g
Surface treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H	-

<sup>\*1:</sup> excluding backlight cables.

Outline dimensions is shown in Fig.1

# 4. Input Terminals

# 4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (LVDS signals , +3.3V / +5.0V DC power supply and Contorol signal)

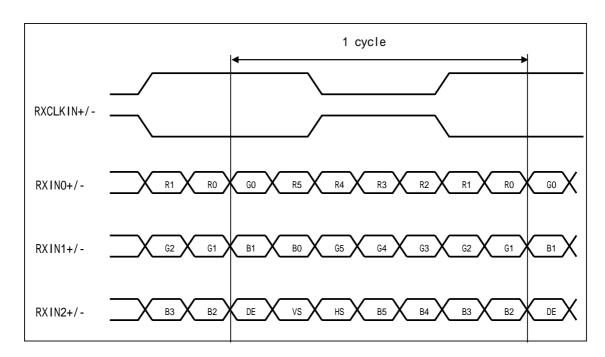
Corresponding connector:FI-SE20M (JAE) or FI-S20S (JAE)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	$V_{CC}$	+3.3V / +5.0V power supply	
2	$V_{CC}$	+3.3V / +5.0V power supply	
3	GND		
4	GND		
5	RXIN0-	Differential data input, CH0 (negative)	LVDS signal
6	RXIN0+	Differential data input, CH0 (positive)	LVDS signal
7	GND		
8	RXIN1-	Differential data input, CH1 (negative)	LVDS signal
9	RXIN1+	Differential data input, CH1 (positive)	LVDS signal
10	GND		
11	RXIN2-	Differential data input, CH2 (negative)	LVDS signal
12	RXIN2+	Differential data input, CH2 (positive)	LVDS signal
13	GND		
14	RXCLK IN-	Differential clock input (negative)	LVDS signal
15	RXCLK IN+	Differential clock input (positive)	LVDS signal
16	GND		
17	R/L	Horizontal display mode select signal	[Note1]
18	U/D	Vertical display mode select signal	[Note2]
19	GND		
20	GND		

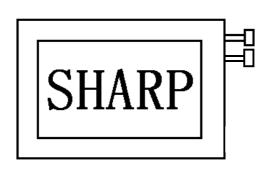
[Note] To obtain the proper relation between LVDS signals and actual digital data signals, the digital signals should be inputted into the transmitter as described in the nextsection, 4-2.

[Note] The shielding case is connected with signal GND.

[Note ] Data Mapping





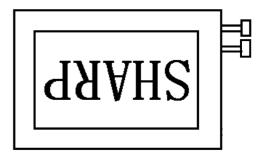




R/L = High, U/D = High

R/L = Low, U/D = High

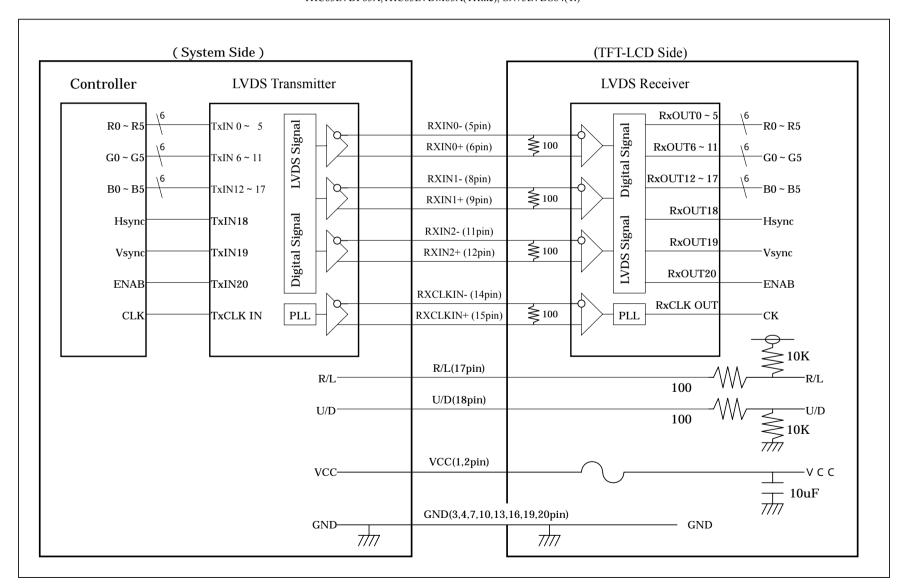




R/L = High, U/D = Low

#### 4-2 LVDS Interface block diagram

Using receiver: Single LVDS interface, which equals THC63LVDF64A(THine), contained in a control IC Corresponding Transmitter: DS90C363, DS90C363A, DS90C383, DS90C383A(National semiconductor), THC63LVDF63A,THC63LVDM63A(THine), SN75LVDS84(Ti)



# 4-3. Backlight driving

CN2,CN3

Used connector: BHR-02(8.0)VS-1N (JST)

Corresponding connector: SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB or -1N-TB (JST)

Pin no.	symbol	function	Color of cable CN2	Color of cable CN3
1	VHIGH	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	Orange	Blue
2	VLOW	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	White	Gray

# 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Pin name	Ratings		Remark
+3.3V / +5.0V	Vcc	Ta=25 °C	Vcc	0  to + 6.0	V	
supply voltage						
Input voltage	VI1	Ta=25°C	RXINi-/+(i= 0,1,2)	-0.3 to Vcc+0.3	V	Vcc<3.0V
			RXCLK IN-/+	-0.3 to 3.3V	V	3.0V Vcc
	VI2	Ta=25°C	R/L, U/D	-0.3 to Vcc+0.3	V	
Lamp input voltage	VHIGH	-	-	(1800)	Vrms	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-	-30 to +80	°C	[Note1]
Operating temperature	Topa	-	-	-30 ~ 80	°C	
				(Ambient) (Panel surface)		

[Note1] Humidity: 95%RH Max. at Ta 40°C.

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less at Ta>40 °C.

No condensation.

# 6. Recommended operation condition

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Supply voltage	Vcc	+ 3.0	+3.3/+5.0	+ 5.5	V	[Note1]
LVDS Signals	$V_{\rm L}$	0		2.4	V	[Note2]
Input voltage	VI	0		Vcc	V	[Note3]
Ambient temperature	Topa	-30		+80		[Note4], [Note5]

#### [Note1]

Vcc-turn-on conditions

0<t1 15ms

0<t2 10ms

0<t3 100ms

0<t4 1s

t5>200ms

# Vcc-dip conditions

1) 2.5V Vcc < 3.0V

td 10ms

2) Vcc<2.5V

Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the Vcc-turn-on conditions.

[Note2] RXIN0-, RXIN0+,RXIN1-,RXIN1+,RXIN2-,RXIN2+,RXCLK IN-,RXCLK IN+

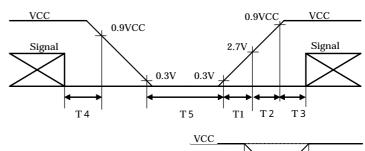
[Note3] R/L, U/D

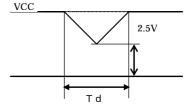
[Note4] Humidity: 95%RH Max. at Ta=<40°C.

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less at Ta>40°C.

No condensation.

[Note5] Maximum value : Panel surface temperature





# 7. Electrical Characteristics

# 7-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

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Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Current dissipation	Vcc=+3.3V	Icc	-	300	450	mA	[Note1]
	Vcc=+5.0V	Icc	-	200	300	mA	
Permissive input ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	
Input voltage range	LVDS signal	VL	0	-	2.4	V	[Note2]
	High	VTH	-	-	VCM+	mV	
Differential input					100		$V_{CM}=1.2V$
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	VCM-	-	-	mV	[Note3]
			100				
Input impedance		RT	-	100	-		[Note2]
(Differential input)							
Input voltage	Low	VIL	-	-	0.8	V	[Note4]
	High	VIH	2.1	-	-		[Note5]
Input current1	Low(VI=0V)	IOL1	-800	-	-	uA	[Note4]
	High(VI=Vcc)	IOH1	-10.0	-	10.0	uA	
Input current2	Low(VI=0V)	IOL2	-10.0	-	10.0	uA	[Note5]
	High(VI=Vcc)	IOH2	-	-	800	uA	

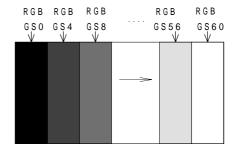
[Note1] Typical current situation: 16-gray-bar pattern.

Vcc=+3.3V/+5.0V

[Note2] LVDS signals

[Note3]  $V_{\text{CM}}$ : Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

[Note4] R/L [Note5] U/D



#### 7-2. Backlight driving

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with double CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

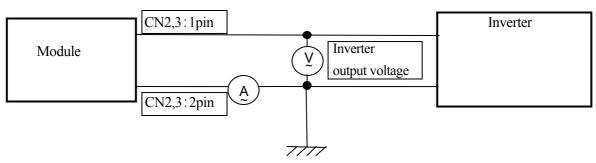
The characteristics of single lamp are shown in the following table.

(It is usually required to measure under the following condition.

condition:IL=6.0mA,Ta= $25 \pm 2$ ,FL=60kHz.)

Parameter	Symbol		Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Lamp current	IL	3.0	6.0	6.5	mA rms	[Note1]	
Lamp power consumption	PL	-	3.5	-	W	[Note2]	
Lamp frequency	FL	35	60	80	kHz	[Note3]	
Kick-off voltage	Vs	-	-	1300	V rms	Ta=-30 °C	[Note4]
Lamp Life time	LL	50000	-	-	Hour	[Note5]	

[Note1] Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below.



[Note2] Referential data per one CCFT by calculation. (I L  $\,\times\,$  VL) The data don't include loss at inverter. (IL=6.0mArms)

[Note3] Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached as much as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from the harmonics of horizontal synchronous to avoid interference.

[Note4] The open output voltage of the inverter shall be maintained for more than 1s; otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

[Note5] Since lamp is consumables, the life time written above is referential value and it is not guaranteed in this specification sheet by SHARP.

Above value is applicable when lamp (the long side of LCD module) is placed horizontally. (Landscape position)

Lamp life time is defined that it applied either or under this condition

(Continuous turning on at Ta=25 °C, IL=6.0mA rms)

Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.

Kick-off voltage at Ta=-30 °C exceeds maximum value, 1300Vrms.

(Lamp lifetime may vary if lamp is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.) In case of operating under lower temp environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower.

(Continuous operating for around 1 month under lower temp condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

In case of operating under lower temp environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower. (Continuous operating for around 1 month under lower temp condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

The life of a lamp is accelerated when using it in the environment where a lamp cannot get warm easily.

(When using it outdoors and ON/OFF is repeated frequently)

In case of such usage under lower temp environment, periodical lamp check and exchange is recommended.

[Note6] The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting,flicker, etc.) never occur. when you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Be sure to use a back light power supply with the safety protection circuit such as the detection circuit for the excess voltage, excess current and or electric discharge waveform.

Be sure to use the detect circuit by which one side of the CCFT lamps can be controlled independently. Otherwise, when one side of the CCFT is open, the excess current may possibly be applied to the other side of the lamp.

Recommended inverter is "CXA-0454 (TDK)".

("CXA-P1212B-WJL (TDK)" is also recommended under general temperature condition.)

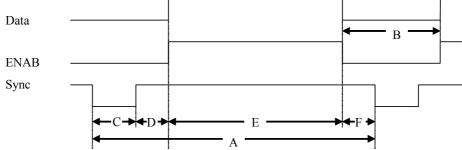
[Note7] It is required to have the inverter designed so that to allow the impedance deviation of the two CCFT lamps and the capacity deviation of barast capacitor.

[Note8] Under the environment of 10lx or less, miss-lighting delay may occur.

#### 8. Timing characteristics of input signals

#### 8-1. Timing characteristics

(These are specified at the digital inputs/outputs of LVDS transmitter/receiver.)



#### (Vertical timing)

Item(symbol)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	備考
Vsync cycle (T <sub>VA</sub> )	-	17.6	-	ms	Negative
	628	666	798	line	
Blanking period(T <sub>VB</sub> )	28	66	-	line	
Vsync pulse width (T <sub>VC</sub> )	2	4	6	line	
Back porch (T <sub>VD</sub> )	23	23	23	line	
Vsync pulse width+Back porch	25	27	29	line	
$(T_{VC}+T_{VD})$					
Active display area (T <sub>VE</sub> )	600	600	600	line	
Front porch (T <sub>VF</sub> )	3	39	-	line	

# (Horizontal timing)

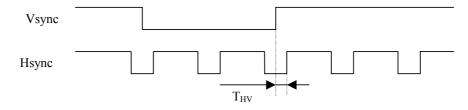
Item(symbol)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync cycle (T <sub>HA</sub> )	20.8	26.4	39.9	us	Negative
	832	1056	1395	clock	
Blanking period (T <sub>HB</sub> )	40	256	-	clock	
Hsync pulse width (T <sub>HC</sub> )	2	128	200	clock	
Back porch (T <sub>HD</sub> )	928-T <sub>HA</sub>	88	T <sub>HA</sub> -752	clock	
Active display area (T <sub>HE</sub> )	800	800	800	clock	
Front porch (T <sub>HF</sub> )	0	40	-	clock	

# (Clock signal)

Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Frequency	35	40	42	MHz	[Note1]

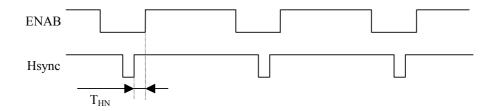
[Note1] In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc., may be occurred.

# (Hsync-Vsync Phase difference)



Item(symbol)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync-Vsync Phase difference (T <sub>HV</sub> )	1	-	$T_{HA}$ - $T_{HC}$	clock	

(Hsync-ENAB Phase difference)



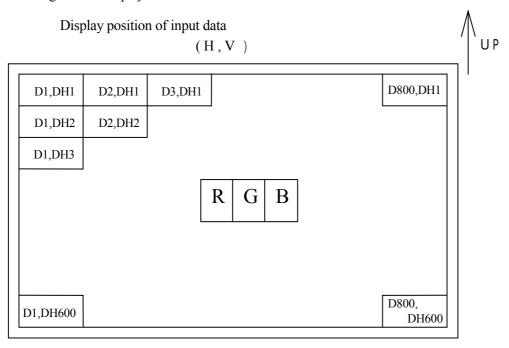
Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync-ENAB Phase difference (T <sub>HN</sub> )	0	-	T <sub>HA</sub> -T <sub>HC</sub> -800	clock	

# 8-2 Display position

1 7 1					
Item	Standards	Beginning	Ending	Unit	Remark
Horizontal	rising edge of ENAB	0	800	clock	
	rising edge of Hsync	88	888	clock	[Note1]
Vertical	rising edge of Vsync	23	623	line	

[Note1] In case that ENAB signal is fixed to low level. Do not keep ENAB signal high during operation.

# 8-3. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen



# 9. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	Colors &	Data signal																		
	Gray scale	Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	В0	B1	В2	В3	B4	В5
	Black	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
н	Green	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Color	Cyan	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colo	Red	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
)r	Magenta	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	仓	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	仓	$\downarrow$			\	L					`	V					`	L		
le of	Û	$\downarrow$			\	<b>ν</b>					`	V					`	<b>ν</b>		
Red	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray :	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	仓	<b>V</b>			`	L					`	V					`	V		
Gray Scale of Green	Û	<b>\</b>			\	<u>ا</u>					`	ν <u> </u>					`	ν <u> </u>		
3ree:	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
n	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
ìray	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Scal	仓	<b>V</b>			`	L			↓				₩							
Gray Scale of Blue	Û	<b>↓</b>			`	ν <u> </u>			↓				↓							
Blue	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

# 0 :Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

T25	1712	237	/ + 5 037	
Ta=25	Vcc=+3	3 V	/ 十つ ロV	

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing	Horizontal	21,	22 CR>10	60	70	-	Deg.	[Note1]
angle	Vertical	11		35	50	-	Deg.	[Note4]
range		12		55	60	-	Deg.	
Contrast ra	ıtio	CRn	=0°	300	-	-		[Note2]
		CRo	Optimum viewing	-	600	-		[Note4]
D	D.		angle		1.0			DI ( 21
Response	Rise	r		-	10	-	ms	[Note3]
time	Decay	d		-	25	-	ms	[Note4]
Chromatic	Chromaticity of white			0.263	0.313	0.363		
		y		0.279	0.329	0.379		
Chromatic	ity of red	X		0.546	0.596	0.646		
		y	=0°	0.279	0.329	0.379		[Note4]
Chromaticity of green		X	-0	0.260	0.310	0.360		IL=6.0mArms
		y		0.502	0.552	0.602		f=60kHz
Chromaticity of blue		X		0.117	0.167	0.217		
		y		0.132	0.182	0.232		
Luminance of white		$Y_{L1}$		330	420	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	
White Uni	formity	δW		-	-	1.25		[Note5]

[Note] The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating. (condition:IL=6.0mA rms)

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.3 below.

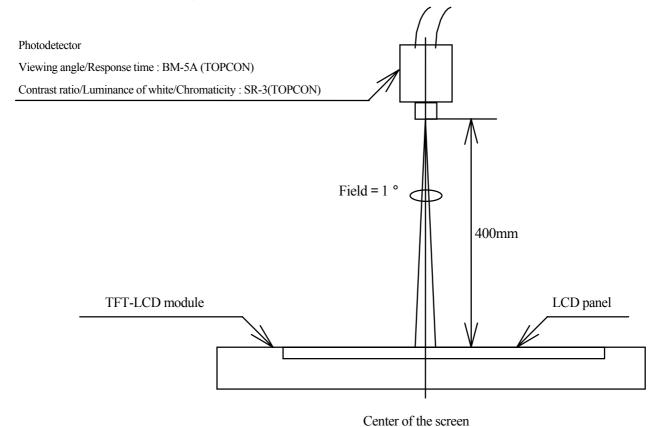
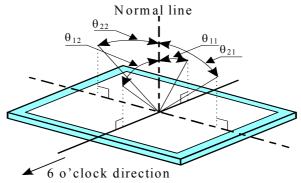


Fig.3 Optical characteristics measurement method

# [Note1] Definitions of viewing angle range:



[Note2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

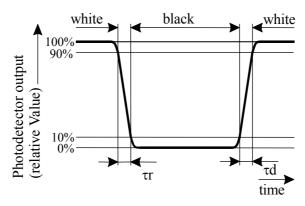
Contrast Ratio (CR) =

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

[Note3] Definition of response time:

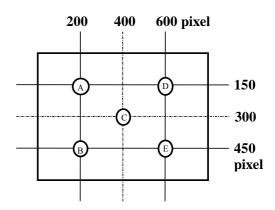
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



[Note4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note5] Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements  $(A \sim E)$ .



W = Maximum Luminance of five points (brightness)

Minimum Luminance of five points (brightness)

# 11. Display Quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.

#### 12. Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
  Blow away dust on the polarizer with antistatic N<sub>2</sub> blow. It is undesirable to wipe off because a polarizer is sensitive.
  It is recommended to peel off softly using the adhesive tape when soil or finger oil is stuck to the polarizer.
  When unavoidable, wipe off carefully with a cloth for wiping lenses.
- d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling. Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- h) Since there is a circuit board in the module back, stress is not added at the time of a design assembly. Please make it like. If stress is added, there is a possibility that circuit parts may be damaged.
- i) Protection film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched.
   Peel the film off slowly, just before the use, with strict attention to electrostatic charges.
   Blow off 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen.
- j) The polarizer surface on the panel is treated with Anti-Glare for low reflection. In case of attaching protective board over the LCD, be careful about the optical interface fringe etc. which degrades display quality.
- k) Do not expose the LCD panel to direct sunlight. Lightproof shade etc. should be attached when LCD panel is used under such environment.
- l) Connect GND to 4 place of mounting holes to stabilize against EMI and external noise.
- m) There are high voltage portions on the backlight. It is very dangerous to touch carelessly.

  It may lead to electrical shock. When exchange lamps or getting service, turn off the power without fail.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- Old cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD panel contains a small amount of mercury, please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal.
- p) Be careful of a back light lead not to pull by force at the time of the wiring to an inverter, or line processing.
- q) When install LCD modules in the cabinet, recommended torque value is " $0.294 \pm 0.02$ N\* m ( $3.0 \pm 0.2$ kgf\* cm)". Be sure to confirm it in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.
- r) Liquid crystal contained in the panel may leak if the LCD is broken. Rinse it as soon as possible if it gets inside your eye or mouth by mistake.
- s) Notice: Never dismantle the module, because it will cause failure.Please don't remove the fixed tape, insulating tape etc. that was pasted on the original module.(except for protection film of the panel and the crepe tape (yellow tape) of fixing lamp cable temporarily.)
- t) Be careful when using it for long time with fixed pattern display as it may cause afterimage. (Please use a screen saver etc., in order to avoid an afterimage.)
- adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value.
   If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- v) If a minute particle enters in the module and adheres to an optical material, it may cause display non-uniformity issue, etc. Therefore, fine-pitch filters have to be installed to cooling and inhalation hole if you intend to install a fan.

w)The lamp used for this product is very sensitive to the temperature.

Luminance decreases rapidly when it is used for a long time or repeatedly under the environment of the low temperature or the module is being cooled.

Please avoid the continuous or repeating use of it under such an environment.

It may decrease up to 50% of the initial luminance in about one month under the low temperature environment.

Please consult our company when it is used under the environment like the above mentioned.

x) In case of operating under lower temp environment, the lamp exhaustion is accelerated and the brightness becomes lower.(Continuous operating for around 1 month under lower temp condition may reduce the brightness to half of the original brightness.)

The life of a lamp is accelerated when using it in the environment where a lamp cannot get warm easily.

(When using it outdoors and ON/OFF is repeated frequently)

In case of such usage under lower temp environment, periodical lamp check and exchange is recommended.

#### 13. Packing form

Product countries / Areas	JAPAN	TAIWAN	CHINA				
Piling number of cartons		MAX.6					
Package quantity in one carton		10pcs					
Carton size		395(L)×310(W)×270(H)					
Total mass of one carton filled		8,000g					
with full modules							
Packing form is shown		Fig2					

#### 14. Reliability test items

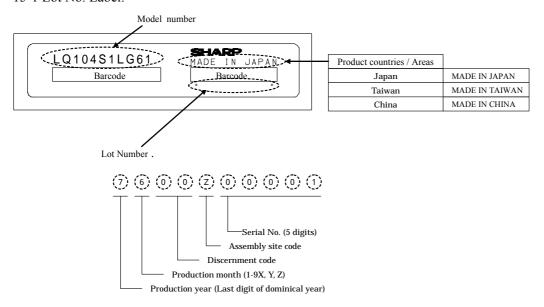
	l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l		1
No.	Test item	Conditions	Remark
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=80 (Panelsurface) 240h	
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -30 240h	
3	High temperature	Ta=40 ; 95%RH 240h	
	& high humidity operation test	(No condensation)	
4	High temperature operation test	Tp=80 (Panelsurface) 240h	Panel surface
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta= -30 240h	
6	Vibration test	Frequency: 10 ~ 57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.153mm	
	(non- operating)	: 57 ~ 500Hz/Gravity: 14.7 m/s <sup>2</sup>	
		Sweep time: 11 minutes	
		Test period : 3 hours	
		(1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z)	
7	Shock test	Max. gravity: 490m/s <sup>2</sup>	
	(non- operating)	Pulse width: 11ms, half sine wave	
		Direction: $\pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$ once for each direction.	
8	ESD test	Human model	
9	EMI	Measurement in 10m site	VCCI
		Display position on the screen = "H" (full-screen),	(Class B)
		GND to 4 place = un-connect, Vcc / Vsignal = typ.	

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

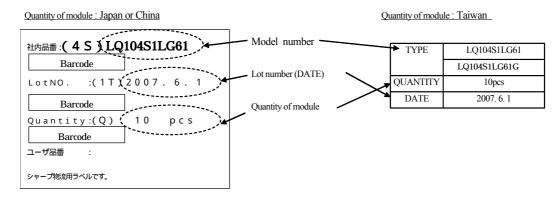
Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function. (normal operation state: Temperature:  $15 \sim 35$ , Humidity:  $45 \sim 75\%$ , Atmospheric pressure:  $86 \sim 106$ kpa)

#### 15.Others

#### 15-1 Lot No. Label:



# 15-2 Packing box Label:



Internal Use Only R.C.

R.C. (RoHS Compliance) means these parts have corresponded with the RoHS directive.

15-3 If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this specifications sheets, it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.

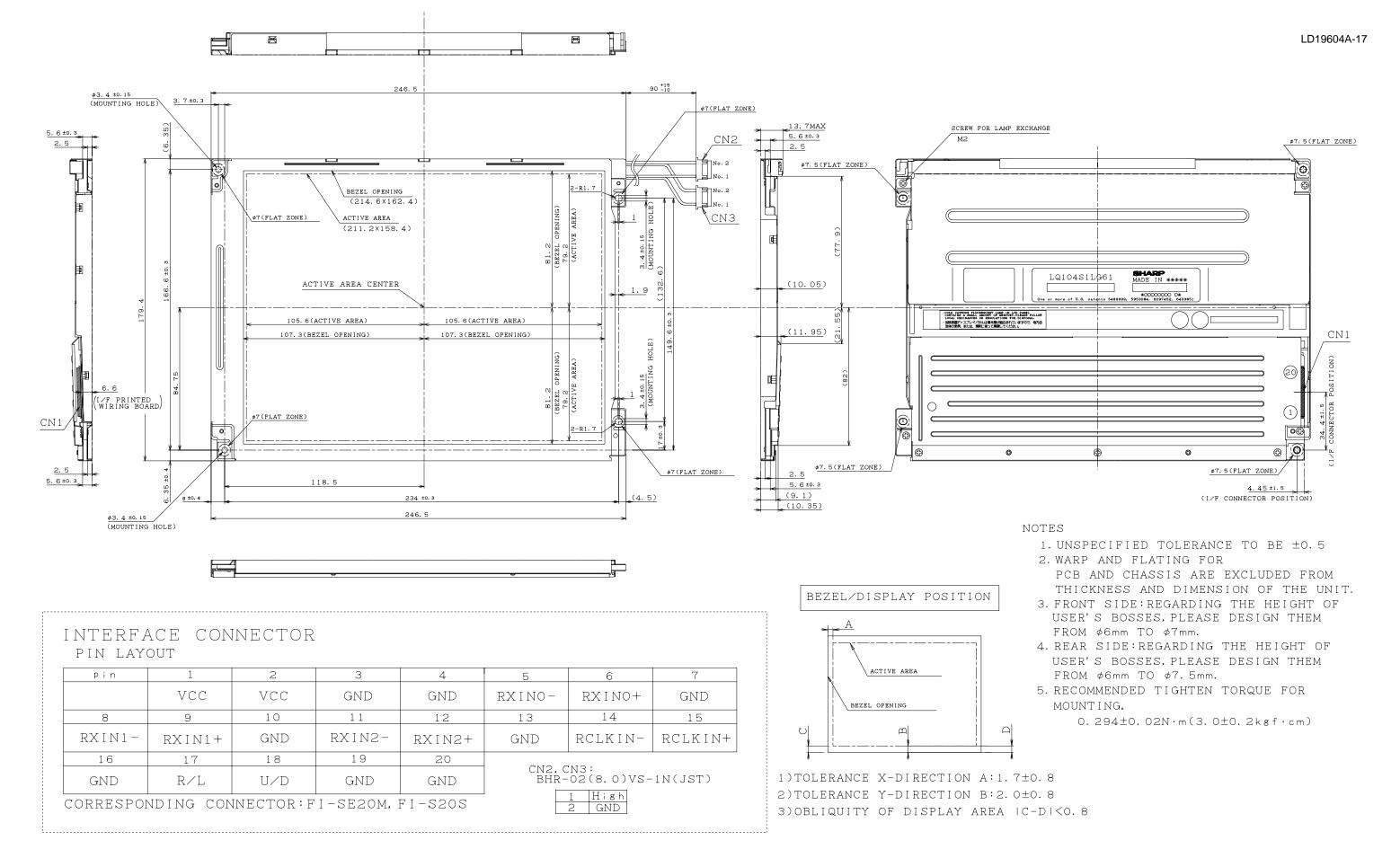


Fig. 1 LQ104S1LG61 OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

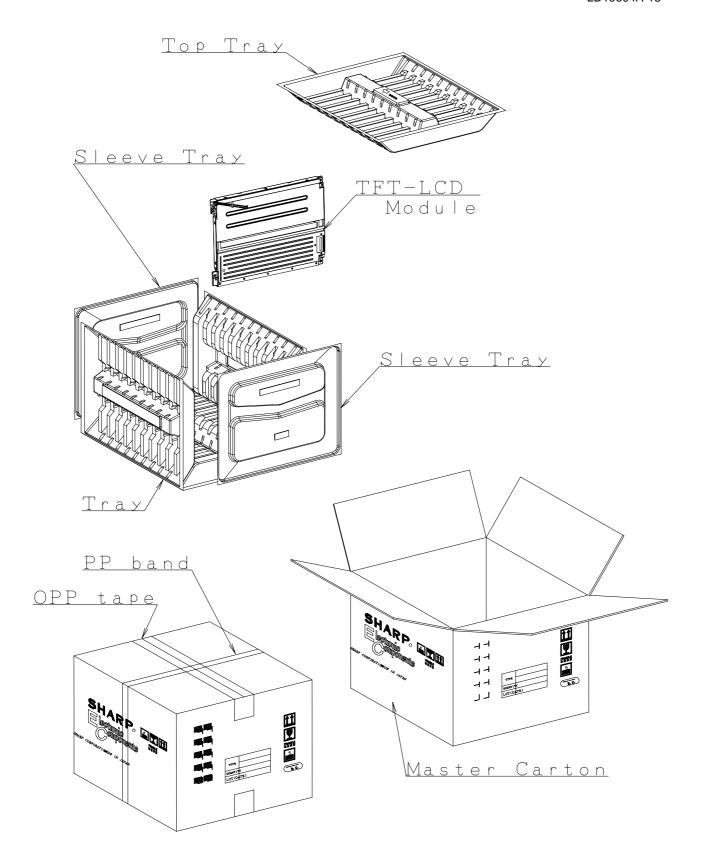


Fig2. Packing Form